Lieutenant Charles Read
and
The Men in Gray Who Rest In
Rose Hill Cemetery

Presented By The Following Organizations:

W.D. Cameron Camp No. 1221
Sons of Confederate Veterans
Meridian, Mississippi

Friends of Rose Hill Cemetery
Meridian, Mississippi

The Benevolent Fund, Inc.
Meridian, Mississippi

Compiled in 2000 By
Mary V. Harris East & William (Bill) East, Jr. M.D.

Revised July 2014 By
S.W. Calhoun, Jr. & Leslie M. Joyner
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Publication #408

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Acknowledgements

W. D. Cameron #1221 – Sons of Confederate Veterans
Meridian, Mississippi.

The United Confederate Veterans Organizations was formed in June 1889, and eventually, the Walthall Camp #25, UCV located in Lauderdale County became the largest in the state in March 1896. The Walthall Camp #25 organized the first Sons of Confederate Veterans organization in Lauderdale County. In August 1954, this new camp received its charter and adopted the name W. D. Cameron, Camp #1221. Mr. Cameron, a Confederate soldier, an active supporter of the veterans organization, and long-term Circuit Clerk of Lauderdale County, is buried in Rose Hill Cemetery. From the time of his charter, the camp has striven to defend the Confederate Soldiers’ good name, to promote his virtues, to preserve his history and to advocate those principles that he loved and for which he fought so bravely.

Benevolent Fund, Incorporated
Meridian, Mississippi

Rose Hill cemetery was established in August 1874 by two local Masonic Lodges, Meridian Lodge #308, King Solomon’s Lodge #333, and the Odd Fellows Lodge #80. Now, over 126 years later, this stored cemetery is supported by a Corporation, the Benevolent Fund, which today, represents those original founding organizations. The Masons have through the commendable character of its members, the high principles on which its institutions are founded in the lofty goals associated with its programs contributed tremendously to the development of this country and the state. Many of the earliest, outstanding Masons of Mississippi, including the founders of the cemetery, rest within its grounds. The citizens of Meridian are very appreciative for the support that this organization provides for the cemetery and to the community and its people. Mr. Walton Moore, Jr. of Meridian, Mississippi currently serves as president of the board of the benevolent fund Incorporated.

Editor’s note: Mr. Moore passed away in February of 2014. The current president of the Benevolent Fund, Incorporated is Richard Whitehead.

Friends of Rose Hill Cemetery, Incorporated
Meridian, Mississippi

This all-inclusive, nonprofit civic organization was organized in July 1997 to assist in the maintenance and beautification and preservation of the cemetery, including its monuments, burial sites and historical significance in the development of Meridian and this part of the state, in general. Upon completion of the Corporation’s goals of restoring the cemetery it was dissolved.

Forward
1
Rose Hill Cemetery  
Established August 1874

Although not the oldest cemetery in the city, it is, over 126 years old, and is one of the most beautiful and historically significant cemeteries in the area. Those that repose within its grounds included both the famous and infamous people of this area’s history. The Victorian Era monuments that graces landscape are silent, visual images of times past that our community will unlikely experience ever again. Many of the people that rest within its grounds are those by whose perseverance, faith, courage, hope, failures and successes enabled Meridian to develop and progress to the wonderful and thriving city that we enjoy today. They are gone, but not forgotten. We will remember.

**Historic Iron Fence**

Stretching across the front of the cemetery on 40th Ave. to the left of the entrance, was a historical wrought iron fence that was built and installed during the summer of 1884 by the Williams and Briggs Company. the beautiful fence was known as the “Avery Fence” and was built at a cost of $1.20 Per linear foot with a “T” post every 30 feet and two Carriage Gates and one Walk Gate. The fence was painted with the finest metallic paint of that day. Although the company charged $.06 per linear foot to paint fences, it waived discharge for the cemetery. The total cost of the fence was $825.

During May 2000, this historic fence was removed and a new fence was installed to better secure the cemetery grounds. The historic fence will be utilized within the grounds as part of future beautification projects.

**Entrance Posts**

In September 1917, Mr. J. E. Wright was awarded a contract to erect two entrance posts at the main entrance of Rose Hill cemetery at a cost of $180. These concrete posts grace the entrance into the cemetery today.

**Concrete Retaining Wall**

In January 1945, two cemetery board members, Mr. M. C. Lancaster and Mr. Clarence C. Brown, proposed that a concrete retaining wall be built along 40th Avenue to the right of the entrance. Mr. Ryan Fanch completed the concrete wall in about April 1945 and received $580 for his work. The guard rails were installed by Mr. Carey.

**Chain-Link Fence and the Lights**

The 6 foot fence, completely enclosing the cemetery grounds, was installed during the spring of 2000 by the benevolent fund, Incorporated that the cemetery might be more secure. A new lockable gate was also placed at the entrance to the ground. This time. Security lights were installed during the summer of 2000.
Dedication

This information was compiled that all may continue to remember and to honor both those patriotic and courageous veterans who gave their lives fighting for their homeland and the Constitution upon which it was founded, as well as, those that survived that terrible War and return to rebuild the fabric of the South that we so treasure today and wish to preserve for ourselves and for our future generations.

May God bless this endeavor.
TRIBUTE TO THE MEN IN GRAY

The essay that follows was written by Confederate veteran, Mr. H. N. Berry, Sr., who is now at rest and lot number 448 in Rose Hill Cemetery. This is his essay honoring all Confederate veterans. Mr. Berry served as a Private in Company B, and is an Orderly Sergeant and Company H of the 14th Mississippi Regiment and as Captain and as a Major of Berry’s Company of the 1st Mississippi Reserves. His thoughts convey the importance of those veterans who gave their lives in the War, as well as, those veterans that survived, returned home, and in spite of, the physical and psychological trauma that they endured, rebuilt their Southern homeland.

THE OLD CONFEDERATE SOLDIER

Chums over boyhood days,
and old comrades of the war
Where art thou tonight?
Echo Answers, Gone!
Passed over the river.

All along down the Streams of Life, among the honeysuckle’s and ivy blossoms, over the rocky shoals and through the sandy eddies, the drinking of the clear, crystal streams in the muddy water.

Down, Down, our little barks have drifted, nearing the mighty ocean; soon to plunge into the dark and briny bellows, tempestuous, rolling, restless, everlasting hereafter or the beautiful call, storm lessee of eternal life.

One by one they have drifted out, save only when passing over that bloody, tempestuous cataract, “The Civil War”, when they sank by thousands; then again, one by one, till the old, bald headed, gray-haired, scar worn and weatherbeaten are all that we see here now – neither useful nor ornamental.

We have run our race, we have fought our battles, we have seen our beautiful Southland torn down and laid in desolation; and we have rebuilt it and you, greater than it ever were before. The old South with slavery is no more; but the new is here to stay forever.

Though man’s days are but a few and full of trouble, we of the Nineteenth Century have made more wonderful discoveries and useful inventions than the world ever saw before.

We have belted the earth with steel rails; we have networked the atmosphere with wire and annihilated space. We have set the old world running with new machinery in place of the old brutes, and now our labors are over in the Nineteenth Century forever gone, but the last Confederate soldier shall soon pass over the river, each to account for his own deeds upon the silvery shores of eternal life or to be cast out into everlasting darkness.

GONE, BUT NOT FORGOTTEN
The Confederate Mound

During the War, there existed a Confederate Hospital in Meridian, Mississippi, which is the current site of the newly constructed Number One Fire Station bordered by 14th and 15th Street and 25th and 26th Avenues. One brief source suggested that a church building was located at that site, but not whether that building was the hospital. Mention was made of the Way Station Confederate Hospital in Meridian in several service records, however it is not known if that name applies to this hospital or another one in the city.

A detailed log consisting of the name, military unit and date of death of the soldiers that died in the hospital from wounds or sickness was maintained. The soldiers were buried in the churchyard upon their death. In, approximately 1885, the city decided to construct a new high school on the site to be called the Whitfield High School called “Old Central” by many residents. During the excavation for the new building, the skeletal remains of the soldiers were unearthed and placed in wooden wagons and transported to the lower or South mound at Rose Hill Cemetery in the city. the remains were interred within a mass grave under the mound, which was then referred to as the Confederate Mound. The Cemetery Board approved in 1890 that space be appropriated in the south mound for a Confederate Monument and the interment of a Confederate soldier, who surely was, Lieut. Charles Reed. It is presumed that the monument referred to is the small monument for Read which bears an anchor and for many years this was positioned on the west side of the mound about halfway up its side. the anchor, of course, makes one think of his valiant naval career, however the anchor was used by the people of that day to also signify “HOPE.” this monument, in addition, bears the inscription, “Charles W. Read – May 13, 1840 – January 25, 1890.”

The Egyptian style obelisk, which sits atop the mound was purchased from proceeds obtained from the performance of the play, The March of Progress or the Queen of the East, written by E. H. Dial and performed at the new Opera House in May 1889. Mr. Dial became the most progressive Mayor of Meridian of the Nineteenth Century and was made an honorary member of the United Confederate veterans organization for his extensive efforts on behalf of the veterans.

On July 15, 2000, the W. D. Cameron Camp #1221 dedicated a beautiful new monument to honor and to remember Lieut. Charles W. Read and his remarkable naval exploits during the War for Southern Independence.
Confederate Mound

The list of Confederate dead who died at the hospital in Meridian, Mississippi comes from the National Archives in Washington, DC and was compiled by Raymond W. Watkins in 1987.

There is limited information on the soldiers buried in this location.
Those who eternally rest in the mound are soldiers who died in Confederate hospital in Meridian, plus Lieut. Charles Read and his wife Nebraska.

Charles W. Read – CSN – Naval Hero – Born May 13, 1840 -- Died January 25, 1890
DATA: see also Archives Publication #369

Nebraska Carter Read - Born July 13, 1854 -- Died January 20, 1928 -- DATA: cremains

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
<th>DATE OF DEATH</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Allen, N.C.</td>
<td>Co. K, 46th Georgia</td>
<td>June 5, 1863</td>
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<td>Anderson, Hugh E.</td>
<td>Co. H, 12th Louisiana</td>
<td>June 5, 1863</td>
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<td>Andress, Cpl. William R.</td>
<td>Co. H, 17th Alabama</td>
<td>April 25, 1862</td>
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<td>Armstrong, John W.</td>
<td>Co. G, 55th Alabama</td>
<td>July 17, 1863</td>
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<td>Bagley, Thomas L.</td>
<td>Co. G, 35th Alabama</td>
<td>October 30, 1864</td>
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<tr>
<td>Baldwin, William E.</td>
<td>Co. B, 7th Kentucky Mounted Infantry</td>
<td>June 10, 1863</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bandy, Frederick B.</td>
<td>Co. D, 5th Arkansas</td>
<td>August 6, 1862</td>
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<tr>
<td>Barnes, John A.</td>
<td>Co. H, 40th Mississippi</td>
<td>May 14, 1862</td>
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<tr>
<td>Barnett, William M.</td>
<td>Co. K, 32nd Mississippi</td>
<td>November 23, 1863</td>
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<tr>
<td>Barnhill, Joseph</td>
<td>Co. G, 10th South Carolina</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bates, Samuel E.</td>
<td>Co. I, 40th Mississippi</td>
<td>June 29, 1862</td>
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<td>Beard, Capt. Lewis B.</td>
<td>Co. G, 52nd Georgia</td>
<td>August 1863</td>
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<tr>
<td>Belton, S. S.</td>
<td>Co. G, 2nd Arkansas Calvary</td>
<td>June 10, 1862</td>
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<tr>
<td>Blackman, Sol</td>
<td>Co. C, 36th Mississippi</td>
<td>January 11, 1863</td>
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<tr>
<td>Micajah S. Boothe</td>
<td>Co. B, 14th Mississippi</td>
<td>January 5, 1863</td>
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<td>Brady, James B.</td>
<td>Co. K, 39th Alabama</td>
<td>June 26, 1862</td>
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<td>Brame, J. K.</td>
<td>Co. D, 3rd Kentucky Mounted Infantry</td>
<td>May 1863</td>
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<td>Brame, Luther R.</td>
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<td>June 20, 1863</td>
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<td>Branch, John</td>
<td>Co. C, 1st Florida</td>
<td>June 12, 1862</td>
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<tr>
<td>Briant, C. N. P. (18 years old)</td>
<td>Co. B, Holcomb's Legion–Spartanburg</td>
<td>August 11, 1863</td>
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<td>Brower, D. W.</td>
<td>Co. C, 47th Georgia</td>
<td>August 13, 1863</td>
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<td>Buchanan, William</td>
<td>Co. K, 41st Tennessee</td>
<td>August 8, 1863</td>
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<td>Campbell, John S.</td>
<td>Co. H, 5th Missouri</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cantrell, Nicholas or Nathan</td>
<td>Co. G, 43rd Georgia</td>
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<td>Childers, Cpl. Zachariah</td>
<td>Co. A, 12th Louisiana</td>
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<td>Clark, David</td>
<td>Co. C, 1st Alabama</td>
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<td>Clark, M.</td>
<td>Co. K, 10th South Carolina</td>
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<td>Coker, Jeremiah W.</td>
<td>Co. B, 41st Georgia</td>
<td>March 1, 1862</td>
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<td>Collins, Bala</td>
<td>Co. G, 60th Tennessee Mounted Infantry</td>
<td>May 13, 1863</td>
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<td>Crawford, C. W.</td>
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<td>1862</td>
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<tr>
<td>NAME</td>
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<td>Crotts, David</td>
<td>Co. F, 18th Arkansas</td>
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<td>Cunningham, Capt. Joseph H.</td>
<td>Co. G, 19 South Carolina</td>
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<td>Daggert, D. A.</td>
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<td>Daugherty, J. W. P.</td>
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<td>Davis, John</td>
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<td>Davis, Oliver</td>
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<td>Davis, William W.</td>
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<td>Estes, J. W.</td>
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<td>Fletcher, William H.</td>
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<td>Flournoy, R. R.</td>
<td>Co. A, 10th Texas Calvary</td>
<td>1863</td>
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<td>Fowler, Cpl. J. G.</td>
<td>Co. A, 41st Georgia</td>
<td>June 4, 1862</td>
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<tr>
<td>Frierson, M. Wilson</td>
<td>Chaplain 2nd Mississippi</td>
<td>January 26, 1864</td>
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<td>Frisbe, Alfred</td>
<td>Co. C, 29th North Carolina</td>
<td>January 29, 1864</td>
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<td>Frudge, Elijah</td>
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<td>Fuller, J. S.</td>
<td>Co. C, 8th Battalion Georgia Infantry</td>
<td>September 2, 1863</td>
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<td>Gilbert, J. R. F.</td>
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<td>Holland, Benjamin William</td>
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<td>Hopson, Thomas C. Or A.</td>
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<td>Jinks (Jincks), J. D.</td>
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<td>Johnson, James J. (28 yr old)</td>
<td>Co. D, Holcomb Legion South Carolina Newberry</td>
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<td>Moore, Thomas J.</td>
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<td>Morgan, Sgt. Luther F.</td>
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<td>O’Rear, George W.</td>
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<td>Co. A, 5th Kentucky Mounted Rifles</td>
<td>June 10, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patterson, F. G.</td>
<td>Co. I, 40th Mississippi</td>
<td>April 10, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phelps, Thomas</td>
<td>Co. A, 6th Tennessee Mounted Infantry</td>
<td>June 10, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phillips, George W.</td>
<td>Co. E, 40th Mississippi</td>
<td>February 5, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pliver, P. M.</td>
<td>Hoskin’s Battery Mississippi Light Artillery</td>
<td>February 1, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Price, Uriah</td>
<td>Co. F, 2nd Missouri</td>
<td>July 25, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prickett, Cpl. Robert D.</td>
<td>Co. B, 19th Louisiana</td>
<td>June 16, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ray, William</td>
<td>Co. K, 3rd Battalion Mississippi Infantry</td>
<td>May 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reynolds, Edwin O.</td>
<td>Co. H, 5th Missouri</td>
<td>July 6, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Musician)</td>
<td></td>
<td>May 29, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rogers, Joseph</td>
<td>Co. C, 25th Tennessee</td>
<td>June 16, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rose, William</td>
<td>Co. F, 12th Louisiana</td>
<td>February 16, 1963</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ross, J. A.</td>
<td>Co. G, 25th Louisiana</td>
<td>July 23, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ross, T. J.</td>
<td>Co. K, 9th Arkansas</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryals, John</td>
<td>Co. G, 30th Mississippi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAME</td>
<td>UNIT</td>
<td>DATE OF DEATH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sanders, T. B.</td>
<td>Co. B, 40th Mississippi</td>
<td>June 19, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sargeant, James</td>
<td>Co. B, 16th Alabama</td>
<td>1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scurlock, John H.</td>
<td>Co. I, 6th Texas Calvary</td>
<td>June 5, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settlemoir, Sampson B.</td>
<td>Co. E, 32nd Mississippi</td>
<td>April 6, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadix, James P.</td>
<td>Co. B, 28th Alabama</td>
<td>June 16, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shanks, W. C. Or G.</td>
<td>Co. H, 25th Louisiana</td>
<td>July 1, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheffield, John J.</td>
<td>Co. K, 40th Alabama</td>
<td>1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelton, John M.</td>
<td>Co. C, 44th Mississippi</td>
<td>June 10, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheperd, Cpl. J. L.</td>
<td>Co. I, 25th Louisiana</td>
<td>June 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skinner, Archibald H.</td>
<td>Co. H, 12th Louisiana</td>
<td>April 26, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slaughter, Robert</td>
<td>Co. H, 40th Mississippi</td>
<td>May 22, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smith, G. B.</td>
<td>Co. E, 40th Mississippi</td>
<td>November 13, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smotherman, Cpl. H. M.</td>
<td>Co. C, 2nd Mississippi Calvary</td>
<td>July 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smotherman, F. M.</td>
<td>Co. C, 2nd Mississippi Calvary</td>
<td>July 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stockhardt, Henry</td>
<td>Co. H, 2nd Texas</td>
<td>July 21, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strone, John</td>
<td>Co. K, 29th Tennessee</td>
<td>June 30, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tarpley, W. H.</td>
<td>Co. D, 5th Arkansas</td>
<td>July 13, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tate, James Polk</td>
<td>Co. H, 62nd Tennessee Mounted Infantry</td>
<td>January 10, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taylor, John</td>
<td>Co. H, 9th Texas Calvary</td>
<td>June 21, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temple, John T. T.</td>
<td>Co. C, 5th Arkansas</td>
<td>June 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thompson, J. L.</td>
<td>Co. D, 49th Tennessee</td>
<td>September 4, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timmons, Robert E.</td>
<td>Culpepper's Battery South Carolina</td>
<td>May 30, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tullis, Marion</td>
<td>Co. M, 12th Louisiana</td>
<td>May 10, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunstall, 1st Lieut.</td>
<td>Co. G, 1st and 4th Consolidated Missouri</td>
<td>December 12, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turner, James</td>
<td>Co. D, 10th South Carolina</td>
<td>1862?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ulmer, Hugh F.</td>
<td>Co. A, 40th Mississippi</td>
<td>June 25, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ulmer, N. B.</td>
<td>Co. A, 40th Mississippi</td>
<td>June 26, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walker, H. J.</td>
<td>Co. A, 18th Arkansas</td>
<td>October 1, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watson, Abraham</td>
<td>Co. D, 6th Missouri</td>
<td>November 24, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weeks, William F.</td>
<td>Co. G, 36th Mississippi</td>
<td>March 26, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilkins, James H.</td>
<td>Co. G, 32nd Mississippi</td>
<td>December 2, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Williams, Cpl. Owens</td>
<td>Co. F, 1st Missouri Calvary</td>
<td>September 3, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Williams, John L.</td>
<td>Co. D, 40th Mississippi</td>
<td>August 8, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Williamson, George W.</td>
<td>Co. A, 12th Louisiana</td>
<td>May 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woodard (Woodward)</td>
<td>Co. B, 10th South Carolina</td>
<td>June 30, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leonard</td>
<td>Co. F, 2nd Arkansas Calvary</td>
<td>July 26, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wren, John H.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following Confederates are buried in the cemetery, but are not located in Lot 217, the Confederate Mound.

Specials Legend

#51 - refers to Publication #51 “Rose Hill Cemetery, Interment Records” Revised by Bill and Marry East (2000); Revised by S.W. Calhoun, Jr. & Leslie M. Joyner (2014)

#236 - refers to Publication #236 “Confederate Burials in Mississippi” by Raymond Watkins

#408 - refers to this Publication, “Lieutenant Charles Read and the Men in Gray Who Rest In Rose Hill Cemetery” by Bill and Marry East (2000); Revised by S.W. Calhoun, Jr. & Leslie M. Joyner (2014)

FG - refers to www.findagrave.com

S.W. Calhoun, Jr. - Articles written by Mr. Calhoun, Records Manager of the Lauderdale County Archives; for various newsletters.

Adams, Christopher (2nd Lieutenant)
Lot: #51 says that Mr. Adams is in 99 - #408 - GRAVE LOCATION UNKNOWN - A Memorial Marker is in the CSA Memorial Section
Unit: Company C, 18th Mississippi Regiment Infantry
Mr. Adams was born on May 12, 1836 in Madison County, Mississippi. He enlisted in the Army on June 7, 1861. On September 18, 1861, Christopher was promoted to 2nd Lieutenant. He was retired from duty on April 20, 1862 when the Company was reorganized. He was discharged on May 5, 1865. His service records show him to be a merchant in Canton, Mississippi and single. His date of death was October 30, 1907 at which time, he was a Mason.

Andrews, Charles Green (Private)
Lot 102
Unit: Company E, 7th Battalion, Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Andrews was born on June 4, 1833 in Clarke County, Mississippi.on May 3, 1862, he enlisted in the Army and was discharged on April 26, 1865. Civilian paper indicates that he was appointed as Chaplain to Colonel Peter Starker’s Regiment. His date of death was January 7, 1900.
**Askew, George Washington (2nd Lieutenant)**  
Lot 340  
Unit: Company A, Blythea Battalion Calvary. - Co. F, 42nd Alabama Infantry  
Mr. Askew was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on February 22, 1838. On September 18, 1862, he enlisted in the service, and remained on duty until the general surrender on April 9, 1865. He was married to Rachel Henrietta Askew. His date of death was May 7, 1916.

**Atkinson, William M. (Private)**  
Lot 260  
Unit: Company I, 13th Mississippi Calvary  
Mr. Atkinson was born on December 31, 1845 in Monroe County, Mississippi. He enlisted in the service on April 23, 1861 and was discharged on May 4, 1865. He was married to Mattie Bishop (1854-1928). He died on December 28, 1915 due to heart trouble.

**Ball, John T. (Private)**  
Lot 181  
Unit: Company D, 9th Mississippi Calvary.  
Founder of Meridian, Mississippi.  
Mr. Ball was born on June 5, 1821 in New York. His mother was Sarah A. Ball. He arrived in what was to become Meridian in 1853 with the intention of becoming a land baron. Having correctly deduced that the railroads, the Mobile and Ohio going North, South, and the Montgomery and Vicksburg going east, west, would intersect at the site, he arrived from Kemper County, Mississippi to purchase land from Mr. Richard McLemore to resell once the area developed. The land that now lies west of 27th Ave. Was purchased and he built and opened. “Ball’s Log Store” in which to sell supplies. In 1854, he established the areas first post office which he called a Meridian. the name of the Post Office was officially changed to Baldwin on June 10, 1859, but it was changed back to Meridian on June 24, 1859. After 1880, it was called the Meridian Courthouse Post Office and after 1894, it was known as the Meridian Post Office again. At his own expense, he built a train depot when the first train reached this area in October 1855. The railroad called the area Sowashee Station, thus beginning the controversy over the final name attached to the town. Meridian was eventually chosen as the name of the newly incorporated town in December 1860. The railroad, however, would treat Mr. Ball’s station as a mere flag station and not as a depot. In 1860, he was elected as one of the 1st alderman for the new town that was incorporated in December 1860 and named Meridian, due in large part to his persistent efforts. The other suggested names were Sowashee Ragsdale’s
City. John was married to Sarah E. P. Ball.

The War erupted very soon, thereafter, and he enlisted in the service in 1861 and was discharged on May 4, 1865. After the War, he was instrumental in rebuilding Meridian. In 1867, he completed an attractive two-story home on 8th Street. In 1869, he was superintendent of the local Presbyterian Church. He excelled in business, becoming one of the owners of the Meridian Manufacturing Company and served as a trustee of the Meridian Savings Institution. After the War, he embraced the wondrous changes brought about by the Industrial Revolution. In 1874, he built a building to hold the John T. Ball and Company which sold farm machinery and agricultural implements of all kinds (steam mills, cotton gins, saw mills, corn mills, hay presses, etc.) and soon became one of the largest dealers in the State. As a pioneer merchant of the city, he saw the necessity of having a cotton compress and constructed the first one in the area, as well as, constructing and operating the first machine shop ever open in the City. In 1878, his son joined the partnership and their business arrived extending throughout Mississippi and Alabama. Together, it is estimated that they sold thousands of sugar mills. They operated with a business motto of “Fair and Square Dealings with Every Man” and it was known that they would not be undersold.

In 1883, the first YMCA opened in the city and Mr. Ball served as one of his first vice presidents. The Founder of Meridian, died on July 2, 1890. [See Also Archives Publication #369]

Barker, Daniel Harmon (Private)
Lot 480

Mr. Barker was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi according to #408 according to #51 and FG he was born in Houston County, Georgia; on September 27, 1830. He married Miss Emily Katherine Bates. With the eruption of the War, he enlisted on March 30, 1861 at Marion station, Mississippi. By September and October 1862, he had been assigned temporarily to the Ambulance Corps as a litter bearer. He participated in 22 battles during the War from Manassas 1861 to Cedar Creek in 1864. He was surrendered by Gen. Robert E. Lee at Appomattox Courthouse, Virginia on April 9, 1865 and was paroled by Gen. U. S.
Grant and discharged on that same date. He was married to Emily Katherine Bates Barker (1848-1931). His death occurred on July 10, 1910 due to heart trouble.

Berry, H. (Hiram) N. (Private) [Captain]
Lot 448
Unit: Company B and Company H, 14th Mississippi Regiment Infantry. [Berry’s Company, Merwin Guards, CSA]
Mr. Berry was born in 1839. Mr. Berry enlisted in October 1862 and Clarke County, Mississippi and served until his discharge in 1865. At the time of his pension application, he was a widower with 6 children, 3 sons and 3 daughters, and lived place to place as he owned no home of his own. His death occurred on September 22, 1915. The essay at the beginning of this book entitled "The Old Confederate Soldier" was written by this veteran.

Black, Reverend Warren Columbus (Private)
Lot 101
Unit: Company C, 24th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
[#236 - has him in 24th MS Cavalry Battalion]
Mr. Black was born on May 24, 1843 to William and Eliza black of Georgia and North Carolina, respectively. He enlisted on September 1, 1861 and was discharged on April 26, 1865. Following the War, he married Miss Phebe Marshall and served as a minister, and wrote several Christian themed books. Rev. Black died from regurgitation of the heart on January 4, 1915.

Bostick, T. J. (Private)
Lot 373
Unit: Company K, 46th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Bostick was born on May 11, 1845 in Kemper County, Mississippi. [According to #51 he was born in North Carolina, unknown birthdate] When the War began, he enlisted in the Army on July 13, 1861 and served until his discharge on May 4, 1865. After the War, he married Miss Julia G. Temple. He moved in to Meridian before 1890 and built a thriving business recovering turpentine from the abundance stands of pine trees in the area. He died December 28, 1908.
Brett, Matthew Josephus (Private)
Lot 122
Unit: Company K, 9th Mississippi Regiment Infantry
Mr. Brett was born January 11, 1847 and departed this world on April 3, 1879. He was married to Sallie Casteel. Mr. Brett enlisted in Hernando, Mississippi on February 22, 1862. He was captured at Missionary Ridge on November 25, 1863 and sent to Louisville, Kentucky. He was later sent to the Rock Island P.O.W. camp. Mr. Brett took the standard “Oath of Allegiance” and was exchanged on March 8, 1865. Little more was found relating to him, but a CSA marker stands testament to his service.

Briggs, Duncan David, Senior (Private) [FG states he is 3rd generation “III”]
Lot 76
Unit: Company I, 24th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Briggs was born the son of Dr. Duncan and Louise Rebecca Eliza Cherry Briggs from Alabama on April 14, 1848. [According to FG born on October 11, 1847 in Green County]. With the outbreak of the War, he enlisted at Marion station, Mississippi on June 27, 1861 and from November 1861 through February 1862, he served at Camp Pillow and Sanderson, Florida. In the March to April 1862 period, he disembarked from Corinth, Mississippi to Tupelo, Mississippi, then to Knoxville and Shelbyville, Tennessee. By January 1864, he had reported to Dalton, Georgia for battle, but he did not become engaged in combat that time. He was discharged on April 26, 1865. After the War, he married Miss Tommie R. Briggs on April 1, 1885. He was a member of the Woodmen of the World. He departed this earth on July 14, 1918 with a diagnosis of arteriosclerosis.

Broach, Henry F. (Private)
Lot 215
Unit: Company H, 56th Alabama Cavalry also known as the 56th Alabama Partisan Rangers
Mr. Broach was born on July 28, 1827 in South Carolina. Mr. Broach married Miss Amelia Barnett. With the eruption of the War, he enlisted on April 9, 1862 and was discharged on May 4, 1865. Within a few months after General Lee's surrender at Appomattox Courthouse, Virginia, he began his business in Meridian, Mississippi name H. F. Broach and Son, General Merchandise located on 4th street. At that time, only 2 or 3 other business houses were in existence in Meridian.
The first building that he occupied was a log house which he had moved from Marion Station, but within six months, he aligned himself with Captain Brown and Mr. Roberts to create the well-known house of Broach, Brown and Company. This company may be said to be the pioneer large mercantile house of Meridian. The firm did a large and successful business and no house in the city enjoyed a better reputation for promptness, reliability and fair dealing. Later his son, Mr. Walter Broach, joined the business and was later a trustee for the proposed Meridian Male College. He was married to Amelia Barnett. His death occurred on September 19, 1912.

Broach, James Turner (Private)
Lot 133

Mr. Broach was born on March 22, 1840. At the War's beginning, he enlisted in Meridian, Mississippi on May 14, 1861 and was sent to Corinth, Mississippi, in an old Company H, later known as, new Company K. By March of 1862, he had been detailed as Colonel's courier then as Gen. Barksdale's courier and then courier for the General Staff. In July 1863, he became Courier for Gen. Humphrey. During the War, he was involved in 18 battles from Manassas in 1861 to Cedar Creek in 1864. In the local Gazette newspaper on May 28, 1870, there appeared the following article. Mr. W. G. And, James T. Broach are currently building a large warehouse on 4th street. It is to be completed in a style equal to any house in town. These wide-awake young gentlemen were erecting the store out of their own earnings since the War, which speaks well for their thrift and enterprise. This building was the beginning of his company named the Shippers Compress and Warehouse Company, which could store up to 16,000 bales of cotton. On October 11, 1870, Mr. Broach married Miss Ella dial in on June 5, 1888, he married a second time to Miss Alzena A. Broach. He passed away on July 3, 1895.

Broach, John W. (Private)
Lot 118
Unit: Company A, 56th Alabama Regiment Infantry- also known as Co. H, 56th Alabama Partisan Rangers.

Mr. Broach was born on April 17, 1847. With the outbreak of the War, he enlisted in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on April 8, 1864 and served until his discharge somewhere in Georgia on March 24, 1865. Mr. Broach was a prisoner at Point Lookout Camp. On February 23, 1872, he
wed Miss Minnie Hurlbutt, who as a mere child had smuggled gold through the Union lines from New Orleans to Meridian to pay the Confederate troops stationed in this area. She also was frequently at the Confederate hospital serving refreshments and reading to those admitted to that facility. They had 3 children, 2 sons and one daughter. He was a member of the Woodmen of the World. Mr. J. W. Broach died at Gloster, Mississippi on January 6, 1902.

Broach, William G. (Private)
Lot 208
Unit: Company D, 2nd Alabama Calvary and Company H, 56th Alabama Partisan Rangers

Mr. Broach was born on December 6, 1844. The beginning of the War found him enlisting in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on March 4, 1861. His discharge was received in Forsythe, Georgia on April 26, 1865. Upon returning to Meridian, he married Miss Ida Ezell. Please read an account of one of his business ventures under the name of James Turner Broach. He was also a merchant in the business Broach & McLemore. Mr. Broach was a member of the Woodmen of the World. Mr. Broach died on May 4, 1917.

Brookshire, William Carroll (Private)
Lot 131

Mr. Brookeshire sure was born on November 15, 1830. As the War loomed, he enlisted in Meridian, Mississippi on February 4, 1862. By September 1862, he was listed a way from his company due to sickness. He was detached to the Calvary on July 1, 1863, but from that time until May 1864, when he reappeared with his unit, he was absent, presumably due to sickness. Records indicate that from October 1862 to January 1863, he was in the Confederate Hospital at Canton, Mississippi, where, when well enough, he had been detailed as a nurse with extra pay of $.25 per day. His discharge came on May 4, 1865. Following the War, he returned to Meridian where he established Brookshire and Matthews, Photographers on 23rd Avenue. He was referred to as an artist who could produce work of equal perfection with the finest galleries in the country. In addition to photographs, they provided frames, enlarging, copying, as well as, coloring in India ink, oil, and watercolors. They maintained a prominent standing
among the best artist in the state of Mississippi. Mr. Brookshire married Mary Crane. He died on September 24, 1910.

Brown, Stephen Miller (Private)
Lot 34
Unit: Company E, 18th Mississippi Regiment Infantry & Company F, 1st Mississippi Calvary

Mr. Brown was born on March 26, 1843. With the coming of the War, he enlisted on April 20, 1861 and again a few months later, at the age of 18 years, a Camp Walker on July 1, 1861 in Corinth, Mississippi, being enlisted by Capt. Walker himself. The unit was organized in June 1861 of companies and state service before that time and was mustered for 12 months service. In April 1862, the unit was reorganized and he was reenlisted at Lees Mill, Virginia by Col. Griffin. On September 11, 1862 he was transferred to the 1st Mississippi Calvary. On May 5, 1865, he was wounded at Lees Mills and was discharged. The 18th Mississippi Company E's picture was in the Meridian Star on October 22, 1933, along with other veterans. After the War, Mr. Brown returned to Meridian, and eventually retired as a foreman for the railroad in Meridian. He was married to John Anna Brown. He departed this earth on April 10, 1934. [#51 has him employed as a dairyman]

Bullock, William C. (Private)
Lot 70
Unit: 2nd Alabama Calvary.

Mr. Bullock was born on November 13, 1845. When the War erupted, he enlisted in the 2nd Alabama Calvary. After the War, he was employed by J. Baum and Company as a salesman. In addition, he owned a bookstore and stationery store in the Snow Building on 4th Street. He passed away on August 23, 1913. [Cause of death according to #51, was diabetes] His monument indicates that he was a CSA veteran.

Bustin, John W. (Private)
Lot 487
Unit: Company F, 36th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.

Mr. Bustin was born on November 27, 1837, the son of William and Mariah Jane Simmons Bustin from Alabama and Georgia, respectfully. He enlisted on February 4, 1862 in Scott County, Mississippi. When he was discharged on May 4, 1865 at Blakely, Ala-
bama, he had been a prisoner on Ship Island for about 2 weeks. In Meridian, he worked as a carpenter and was married but little else about him has been found. He died on October 23, 1922 from apoplexy.

Calhoun, Malcom (Private)
Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company K, 13th Mississippi Infantry
Mr. Calhoun was born in 1839 in Clarke County, Alabama. He died on August 12, 1861.

Malcolm was the fourth child and third son of Neal and Elizabeth (Betsy) Calhoun. Locating Malcolm was a real task. He was no where to be found in the Alabama records. One day, while going through the Mississippi Archives film record, I stumbled across Malcolm Calhoun’s name. This was unusual, I thought, since the Calhoun’s lived in Alabama. Further examination showed that Malcolm came to Marion, Mississippi, and enlisted in the Pettus Guards of the 13th Mississippi on March 19, 1861. The Pettus Guards were later designated Company H.

On May 14, 1861, the 13th Mississippi had been ordered to Corinth and then mustered into Confederate service. Under the command of Colonel William Barksdale, the 13th Mississippi was ordered to Union City, Tennessee. On July 14, 1861, the regiment was ordered to Lynchburg, Virginia, and then on to Manassas to participate in the First Battle of Manassas.

Malcolm’s career was cut short by illness that caused his death. His record indicates that he came down with pneumonia at Leesburg, Virginia, sometime in early August, 1861. No hospital admittance is indicated. One would have to assume that he was sent to a hospital at Centerville where the record shows he died on August 13, 1861. There are two other records that indicate death occurred on August 14 and August 12. The document completed by Captain Randall, Malcolm’s Company Commander, on January 1, 1862, states August 12 is the day he died.

Malcolm is listed as being born in Clarke County, Alabama; age 22; five feet, ten inches tall; fair complexion; grey eyes; and light hair. He was due $32.27 back pay and $25.00 for clothing not drawn. Another register states that Malcolm left no personal effects. This report is dated February 1, 1862.

I have talked to two different sources about where Malcolm might be buried. Both indicate around Manassas since Centerville and Leesburg are in very close proximity. I often wonder if his mother Betsy ever received word of Malcolm’s death. His father, Neal, passed away in February of 1860. Uncle Cotten, a younger brother of Virginia Calhoun, wrote that Malcolm went to visit or lived with relatives in Mississippi about a year before the war and never returned. Malcolm joined the army and died early in the War.

S.W. Calhoun, Jr.
Calhoun, William L. (Private)
Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company I, 5th Alabama Regiment
Mr. Calhoun was born in 1844. He died on June 21, 1863.
William was the sixth child and fourth son of Neal and Elizabeth (Betsy) Calhoun. He enlisted at Grove Hill in Company I, 5th Alabama on October 8, 1862 with his brother Daniel Alexander Calhoun. After a short stay in Pensacola, the Regiment was transferred to Virginia. By early June, 1863, the Army of Northern Virginia had begun their movement northward towards Pennsylvania. The 5th Alabama was in General Richard Ewell’s Second Corp, Early’s Division. Near Funkstown, Maryland, Company I, 5th Alabama, camped under some large trees during the night.
Some limbs or the tree top fell and William was “wounded” and died as a result of the wound. His service record is not clear as to whether they were cutting trees or sleeping under some trees that had been on fire or shot up, causing the wind to blow the limbs down on the soldiers during the night. William’s service record indicates that he died on June 21, 1863. He didn’t make it to Gettysburg.
William was due pay from April 30 to June 21 as well as payment of transportation back to Grove Hill in lieu of furlough and payment for clothing in the amount of $18.00. Apparently he had not been on furlough since being in the Army. I have been unable to locate the final resting place of William but would suppose that he’s in some unmarked grave in the Funkstown, Maryland area.
S.W. Calhoun, Jr.

Cameron, William Donald (Private)
Lot 152
Unit: Company D and Company E, 49th Alabama Regiment Infantry. [Army of Tennessee]
Mr. Cameron was born there Alamucha, Lauderdale County, Mississippi [born in Alabama according to #51] on April 5, 1846, the son of major Donald and Elizabeth Jane Donald Cameron from North Carolina and Sumter District, South Carolina, respectfully. He attended school in this area until the outbreak of the War when, as a boy of 17 years, he enlisted on May 9, 1863 and put on the uniform of a Confederate soldier. He served on the firing line until the end of the War, when he was discharge on May 4, 1865. Returning home after the surrender, he became a farmer until 1871, when he moved to Meridian to act as a deputy Chancery clerk. His many friends encouraged him to run for political office and he was elected Circuit Clerk in 1875, which began a term of service of almost 40 years as the longest-serving Lauderdale County elected official in history. This record still stands as a testament to his character, integrity, and to the highest name, in which, he was held by his fellow citizens. During the years of the terrible Reconstruc-
tion, he labored faithfully and hard to rescue our land, civilization and our social order from the Union occupation and the infamous carpetbaggers who would destroy them all.

He was very active in the Confederate Veterans organization, being elected twice to the office of commander of the Mississippi division of the organization, with the rank of Major General. While serving in that office, he prepared and presented a resolution that the organization should purchase Beauvoir, the last home of Jefferson Davis. The resolution passed and today Beauvoir is proudly maintained by the Sons of Confederate Veterans and upon its grounds stands a magnificent Presidential Library to preserve the legacy of Jefferson Davis and the Confederacy. Mr. Cameron intended all of the Confederate Veterans conventions until his death. His service to other organizations was most impressive, such as, he was a Colonel, a Grand Chancellor, and a Supreme Representative of the Knights of Pythias. He was a Mason being, a Knights Templar, and a Noble of the Mystic Shrine; a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; a Woodmen of the World; Ancient Order of United Workmen; Improved Order of Red Men Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and Colombian Woodmen. He served each organization with the highest degree of honor and trust.

Being a loyal Democrat, he was elected as a delegate to the 1919 national conventions. He wielded considerable influence in state politics of the day and influence the party at critical times. As a prominent member of the local Presbyterian Church, he served as president of the board of deacons.

Mr. Cameron married twice, the first time to Miss Margaret Mayo of Holmes County in 1884. After her death in 1896, he married Miss Rosa Lipsey of Holmes County in 1897. Rosa presided most graciously over there attractive home which was a perfect example of refined hospitality.

The story is told of how he and a friend, Young Casteel, who also rest in Rose Hill Cemetery, while hunting after the War near Demopolis, Alabama, found a Union cannon in the swamp. They returned to Meridian to obtain a team of oxen and wagon with which to extract the cannon and move it to Meridian. When the new Lauderdale County Courthouse was completed in 1905, the Canning came to rest on the Courthouse lawn and then near the Confederate monument, which was dedicated in April 1912. When President Grover Cleveland was elected for the second time in 1893 as President of the United States, it was considered to be such a momentous Democratic victory that Mr. Cameron and his friends fired the cannon at the Courthouse all through the night much to the consternation of the citizens.

His death occurred on June 11, 1909, while returning to
Meridian on the train from Memphis, Tennessee, where he had just attended the 1909 Veterans Reunion. His funeral was held at the Courthouse with his coffin placed in the Circuit Court room. It was estimated that 8 to 10,000 people viewed the body and that the crowd attending his last services overflowed the building and the lawn with the people standing in the street.

In tribute to Mr. Cameron, he was referred to as typifying the best of our Southern life, public service and politics. He was a man of strong convictions, of uncompromising principles, and an upright, clean, Christian gentleman. Where have such men as this gone today? The following poll was written as a tribute to him.

**BILL CAMERON, DEAD.**

*Bill Cameron is dead. Who will take his place,*  
*the poor to aid, the hungry, feed,*  
*the hand we class, the friendly face,*  
*no more on earth we see.*

*Sleep on, thou faithful one, sleep on*  
*Thy ranks are thinning fast,*  
*as one by one, they're mustering.*  
*To join the Army of the vast.*

On August 2, 1954, the W. D. Cameron Camp #1221, Sons of the Confederate Veterans was founded and continues to be present to remember and honor this great man, his comrades and the principles for which they fought.

[See also Lauderdale County Archives Publication #369]

Campbell, Thomas A. (Private)  
Lot 255  
Unit: Company K, 27th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.  
[#236 - Co. H, 27th MS]

Mr. Campbell was born on August 31, 1827 in Tyrone, Ireland. When the War erupted, he enlisted on December 27, 1861. Mr. Campbell was wounded at Lookout Mountain December 18, 1863. He was found to be at St. Mary’s Hospital in La Grange, Georgia. He was paroled at Montgomery, Alabama on May 22, 1865. He died on April 12, 1906 from kidney disease.

Cassity, Andrew, J.  
Lot 253  
Unit: Company H, 18th Mississippi  
Mr. Cassity was born in 1817 in Terry, Mississippi. He was married to Louisa A. Bozeman. Mr. Cassity was mustered into the military on June 4, 1861 in Corinth and was discharged from Centerterville, Virginia on August 11, 1861 on a Surgeon’s Certificate. He was employed by the Army at Enterprise in July 1864 as Quartermaster. He was very influential full of energy and very enterprising. He was a successful businessman and planter on the Mississippi. Mr. Cassity attended the Methodist Church. Mr. Cassity died April 19, 1890.
Chandler, James Louis (Corporal)  
Lot 79  
Unit: 28th Mississippi Regiment Infantry; 36th Mississippi Regiment Infantry, Company H

Mr. Chandler was born on August 10, 1844, in Sumter County, Alabama, the son of George Washington and Nancy Hodges Chandler from Georgia. With the advent of the War, he traveled 54 miles to rendezvous with his unit after enlisting at Meridian on April 1, 1862. When Vicksburg fell to the Union, he was among the captured on July 4, 1863. After signing a document stating that he would not bear arms against the Union, his parole was granted on November 6, 1863. He was next captured on April 9, 1865 at Blakely, Alabama, and was sent to the prison on Ship Island on April 15, 1865. While there, he again signed a document that he would not bear arms against the Union, but the end of hostilities resulted in his parole and discharge from the service. After the War, he married Lucy M. Sanders on January 6, 1869, and worked as a farmer. Mr. Chandler on November 11, 1921 and a CSA marker stands to testify to his service.

Chipley, James P. (Private)  
Lot 159  
Unit: Company G, 21st Mississippi Regiment Infantry.

Mr. Chipley was born on February 8, 1845. His mother was Joanah Rachel Kitchen Chipley (1815-1902). Mr. Chipley, at age 17 years, enlisted on March 19, 1862 to receive the bounty for Lieutenant J. P. Mills. He enlisted at Thomastown, Mississippi. In September 1862, he was a guard at the division hospital, probably in Canton, Mississippi. The following month, October 1862, he was still in Canton in 1863, where he received a wound on May 6, 1864 in an unknown engagement and was diagnosed with vulness silopeticum. Later, on April 6, 1865, he was captured at High Bridge in Virginia, it is believed. On June 10, 1865, he was paroled at point Lookout, Maryland. His official records note that he was a good soldier. He was married to Margaret S. Chipley (1842-1918). Mr. Chipley worked as a farmer near Carthrage, MS. Mr. Chipley passed away on December 22, 1923.
Creel, Samuel Scott (Private)
Lot 365
Unit: Company C, 20th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Creel was born in 1836. When the War erupted, he enlisted in Clark County, Mississippi on July 19, 1861. He was soon listed as absent, and joined the 56th Mississippi. Yet another muster card shows Mr. Creel had joined the 29th Mississippi and was promoted to 2nd Lieutenant; however the Muster Rolls of these Companies do not have him recorded. He was later captured at Black Key, Alabama, and was a prisoner at Johnson Island, Ohio from July 8, 1863 until, possibly, the end of the War. After the War, he married Miss Sarah Elizabeth Platt on December 27, 1872. He died on May 22, 1909.

Crooks, John H. (Private)
Lot 210
Unit: Company A, 36th Alabama Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Crooks was born on February 25, 1840 in Alabama. He enlisted in the service on May 10, 1862 and served until his discharge on May 4, 1865 at Citronelle, Alabama. After the war, he married Miss Sarah West. In 1880, he served as a meridian City Councilman. He worked as a merchant, grocer, baker and confectioner. He passed away on July 19, 1918 from Brights Disease of the kidneys.

Culpepper, Jonathan Harrison (Private)
Lot 177
Unit: Company C, 40th Alabama Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Culpepper was born in Alabama on April 16, 1834 to Henry and Nancy Martin Culpepper in Georgia. On March 9, 1862, he enlisted and served until his discharge on April 26, 1865. During the War, he proved himself a true and tried soldier of the Confederate Army. Following the War, he returned home with the sum of $10 in his pocket.

He was to become one of Mississippi’s most successful men, in spite of, a poor education. He had a natural intellect and work hard to take advantage of every opportunity that he had. Even though, he didn’t campaign or seek the office, he was elected to the State Legislature by his fellow citizens. In every trying situation, he remains strong in his convictions and did excellent work for the city and the state.

He was twice married, first on August 19, 1880 to Miss Oliva J. Hunter (1853-1892) he then married Miss Sarah Susan Preston, with whom he had 3 children. He died on March 8, 1911 from old age.
Currie, A. (Archiblad) A. (#236) (Captain)
Lot 127
Unit: Company F, 13th Mississippi Infantry.
Mr. Currie was born December 28, 1839 in Kemper County, Mississippi (FG). When the War began Mr. Currie was a student. Mr. Currie was mustered in at Corinth on May 23, 1861 and was elected as 3rd Lieutenant on April 4, 1862, and 2nd Lieutenant in September of that same year. In January 1863 Mr. Currie became a 1st Lieutenant. Lt. Currie was wounded on May 6, 1864 at Fredericksburg and sent to the Ladies Relief Hospital. He was granted sick leave un July 1864 and came home. On May 6, 1865 Lt. Currie was captured at Sailor’s Creel and sent to Johnson Island. He took the standard “oath” and on June 18, 1865 was parolled.

He died on October 26, 1878. Died from Yellow Fever. Mr. Currie had remained in Meridian to care for Yellow Fever victims during the epidemic.

Currie, John R. (Private)
Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company F, 13th Mississippi Infantry
Mr. Curried was born in 1847 and died on June 18, 1864.

Dabbs, Mark (Private)
Lot 168
Unit: Company I, Turner’s Company, 1st Regiment Mississippi Calvary.
Mr. Dabbs was born the son of Andrew Hanna and Ruth Smith Dabbs on May 25, 1843. With the outbreak of the War, he enlisted on April 20, 1861 and served until his discharge on April 25, 1865. Mr. Dabbs, Senior worked at Marks – Rothenberg for 30 years until his death. After his death, his son Mr. Dabbs, Jr. took his position with the company. He departed this earth on February 28, 1910 from a of pneumonia.
Dement, James P. [Prentiss] (Private)  
Lot 228  
Unit: Company H, 40th Regiment Infantry.  
Mr. Dement was born on February 23, 1840 in Columbus, Mississippi. With the War's outbreak, he enlisted on March 7, 1862 and was discharged on May 24, 1862. He married Martha Rebecca and was engaged in the printing business in Meridian. He learned the trade of printing as an indentured apprentice and Alabama. Although, he did not begin what we know today as Dement Printing Company in Meridian, it is thought that the Dements purchase some of the original printing equipment from this veteran. He died on April 23, 1906.

Dillehay, Alonzo A. (Sergeant)  
Lot 41  
Unit: Company C, 24th Mississippi Battalion Calvary.  
Dr. Dillehay was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on February 7, 1846. He enlisted on February 23, 1864 at Gallatin, Tennessee. He was a P.O.W. at Amite City, Louisiana. He was paroled on May 17, 1865. Following the War, he attended the Louisiana Dental College and began his dental practice in 1869. He was one of Meridian's first dentists attendant line with an office on 4th Street and 23rd Ave. His dental associate was a doctor Rencher who was a renowned dentist. It was written that their equipment was the latest known to the art of dentistry and their skill and facilities have been attested to by their many years of practice in the community. Their reputations were fully up to the requirements of the times. Along with Mr. C. A. Hanley, he organized The Meridian Street Railway Company in 1883. Dr. Dillehay married Emily Bonner. He was a member of the Woodmen of the World. In his later years, it was quite active in the real estate business until his death on January 9, 1929 from pneumonia.

Draughn, W. C (Private)  
Lot 408  
Unit: Company C, Robertson's Company, 14th Tennessee Regiment.  
Mr. Draughn was born in 1840. When the War erupted, he enlisted on April 20, 1861 and was discharged on April 26, 1865. After his command was surrendered at Appomattox Courthouse, Virginia on April 9, however, he was absent at the time of surrendered due to wounds. Two of his fellow veterans reported that in May 1862, he had been left on the field of battle for dead and was captured by Union troops as a result, he was in a Union hospital as a P.O.W. There is a record that he reenlisted for 30 days. On August 31, 1864, but he was absent from duty twenty of those days, possibly, from his wounds. On May 31, 1865, in the Battle
DuBose, James (Private) (Musician)
Lot 226
Unit: Company H, 13th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.[#236 - Company K]
Mr. DuBose was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi in 1842. With the outbreak of the War, he enlisted on March 30, 1861 and served until the surrender on April 9, 1865 at Appomattox. Mr. Dubose was one of the first law enforcement officers hired in Meridian in 1868 bringing in about $60 per month in wages. He married Miss Stacy E. Terrell. He passed away on February 28, 1887 from a bout with pneumonia.

Duck, James L. (Captain)
Lot 191
Unit: Company H, Noxubee Blues, 5th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Duck was born July 4, 1813 in Lauderdale County, Mississippi. [#51 states that he was born in Georgia] He enlisted on April 30, 1861. Records indicate that his name was dropped from the company on August 14, 1862 for prolonged absence. By August 1867, he was building a new residence in Meridian. He received recognition in 1867 for his assistance in building the first "free school" in Meridian. The school was built out of love for Christ and its purpose was to educate the local children, especially those that were poor and fatherless from the War. Tuition was charged to those that could afford to pay, but no child was refused in education due to lack of money. In the early 1880's, Mr. Duck served as a constable. Mr. Duck was married to Ann Caroline Robertson. On September 23, 1884, he passed away as a result of heart trouble.

Duncan, L. (Laurance) Alexander (Private)
Lot 224
Unit: New Orleans Home Guard 1861
Mr. Duncan was born on February 16, 1829 in Manhattan County, New York City. His parents were William Duncan from Glasgow, Scotland, and Louisa A. (Gardner) of New York City. The family moved to Courtland, Alabama in 1830 and eventually settled in Grenada, Mississippi in 1838. His father was very well educated and taught in female college is in Courtland and Athens, Alabama, as well as Grenada, Mis-
sissippi. Later the family operated a general merchandise business until the family moved to New Orleans, where his father operated a bookstore until his death.

Private docking, his son, received his education in New York City, even though, he moved south as an infant, and enjoyed his childhood and, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana. He began working in his father's bookstore in New Orleans, and also began a newspaper which closed in 1850. On January 21, 1856 he married Miss Annie B. Payne of New Orleans, who was a devoted wife and noble woman. Her death occurred 1893. At the outbreak of the War, he enlisted in the Home Guard Regiment in 1861 in New Orleans. After early 1862, he was discharged from his regiment and placed in the civil Post Office Department of the Confederacy. In 1863, he was sent to take charge of the Post Office in Meridian.

After the War, he engaged in the cotton in general merchandise business until 1868. He was engaged in many interests in Meridian from 1866 to 1876, including being a trustee of the Meridian Savings Institute, superintendent of the Sunday school and deacon of Highland Baptist Church, Director and Secretary of the newly formed, Mississippi and Alabama General Insurance Company (June 1869), served as a City Clerk in 1871 And Was Appointed in 1871 by Gov. Alcorn As a City Alderman.

In 1878, he moved to Memphis, Tennessee, and engaged in the printing business, but soon moved to Jackson, Mississippi to become Secretary of the Ministerial Educational Society of the Baptist Church. In 1879, he returned to Meridian where his friends were limited only by his acquaintances. He was devoted to the principles of the Democratic Party. In 1888, he wrote a history of Meridian, which was published in the Meridian newspaper on March 1, 1888. Mr. Duncan passed away in June 6, 1913.

Dunn, George Hugh, Sr. (Private)
Lot 183
Unit: Company D, 37th Mississippi Regiment Infantry. [#236 - Co. D, 5th Mississippi Infantry State Troops]
Mr. Dunn was born in Enterprise, Mississippi on February 8, 1822. He enlisted on March 7, 1862 in Clarke County, Mississippi and was discharged on April 26, 1865 in Greensboro, North Carolina. On November 13, 1851, he married Miss Eleanor [51 lists Ellen] Kennedy. After the War, he worked for the Soulé Feed and Steam Works where he contributed much to developing their products. He departed this earth on October 18, 1894 as a result of heart trouble.

Durham, C. A. (Private)
Lot 262
Unit: Company K, 46th Mississippi Regiment Infantry
Mr. Durham was born on January 5, 1816. He enlisted on July 13, 1862 and received his discharge on May 4, 1865. He married Miss Mary Elizabeth McDonald (1827-1890). He departed this life on April 13, 1895.
Durr, William W. (Private)
Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company E, 13th Mississippi

Mr. Durr was born on February 7, 1844 and died on December 11, 1862.

William Washington Durr was the son of Emanuel Alexander Durr and Elizabeth Harlow Griffith. The Durr family was from North Carolina but migrated to Lauderdale County, Mississippi, sometime before 1841. Their oldest child was born in Marion in early 1841. The father, Emanuel Alexander, was the brother of Michael Durr. Michael was the husband of Caroline Magee, daughter of Robert Magee.

William Washington was mustered into Captain Peter Bozeman's Company at Alamutcha, in Lauderdale County, on June 23, 1861. His age was listed as 17 and the enlistment was for 12 months. Durr was apparently a student at the University of Mississippi prior to his enlistment. He is listed in the historical catalogue 1849 – 1909 as a member of the class of 1864 and marked “deceased.” The company left Lauderdale County and was mustered into Confederate service at Union City, Tennessee, on July 4, 1861. The company designation was then changed to Company E from A during reorganization on April 26, 1862.

The 13th Mississippi was an illustrious regiment, achieving immorality during the War. After leaving Union City, the regiment was assigned to the Army of Northern Virginia. Upon arriving in Virginia, the regiment participated in the early battles between Richmond and Washington, defending the Confederate capital. The colonel of the 13th was also an officer who achieved lasting fame for his leadership early in the War and leading the charge at Gettysburg. Colonel, later Brigadier General Barksdale, was mortally wounded on July 2.

Pvt. Durr saw action at First Manassas, Leesburg, Seven Pines, Malvern Hill, Sharpsburg, and Fredericksburg. It is interesting to note that on September 14, 1862, the 13th Mississippi had 31% casualties of 202 men engaged at Sharpsburg. By a miracle, Pvt. Durr escaped being wounded, killed, or captured that day. During March, 1862, William was in the general hospital at Orange Court House. Apparently, this was the only time he was sick or wounded during his brief military career.

Pvt. Durr's life took a drastic turn for the worse at Fredericksburg on December 11, 1863. The 13th Mississippi was assigned to defend the streets and houses of Fredericksburg and keep the Union Army from crossing the Pontoon Bridge into the town and advancing against the Confederate emplacements on Mayre's Heights. Pvt. Durr was possibly killed during the Union artillery barrage during the house to house fighting after the Union troops crossed the river. His burial location is unknown. It is interesting to note that a distant cousin, William D. Ross, Company I, 13th Mississippi, also was killed at Fredericksburg.

The final entry in Pvt. Durr’s service record states the he was “a true patriot and a brave and uncomplaining soldier.”

William Washington's parents were large land and slave owners in Lauderdale County before the War. The family had settled in Lauderdale County in the early 1830's. Not only was E. A. Durr listed as one of the leading merchants in Marion, but he was also a leader in the Democratic
party and in later years a staunch secessionist. One close friend was Constantine Rea, editor of the local newspaper. Durr had a slave named Frank who observed many of the things going on in Marion and later passed the stories on to writers who printed the stories. One story took place in 1857 and was about Frank attending a duel between Constantine Rea and Bill Evans in the edge of Alabama. After two volleys, Evans had been hit twice, but had not fallen. A third exchange was necessary and Evans then hit Rea. Honor was satisfied and the two duelist became fast friends. In the 1850 Lauderdale County slave census, Emanuel Alexander Durr owned 44 slaves ranging in age from 45 to 6 years old.

Sometime prior to 1870, the Durr’s moved to Grand Cheniere, Cameron Parish, Louisiana. They are listed in the 1870 census. E. A. was listed as a 63 year old merchant and Junior was a farm laborer. Durr executed some deeds in Lauderdale County in 1866, conveying real property. On November 21, 1866, Durr executed a power of attorney to J. W. Brooke to perform all acts on his behalf. Perhaps this was the cutting of ties to Lauderdale County. Emanuel Alexander died on October 5, 1885, and his second wife, Elizabeth, died on May 20, 1889. He is listed on the McCall Cemetery at Grand Chenier, Louisiana, but no listing for his wife. An estate was filed in Book B, Succession # 13, in 1886, in Cameron Parish, Louisiana.

S.W. Calhoun, Jr.

Eatman, D. (Duncan) W. (Captain)
Lot 335
Unit: Member of Lampley’s Company for Local Defense

Mr. Eatman was born in 1845 in Pickens, Alabama. When he reached the age of 17 years, he enrolled for service on June 22, 1864 and was assigned to a unit for local defense, later being designated as a captain. After the War’s end, he worked as a farmer. He died on November 24, 1899.

Edwards, A. C., MD (Private)
Lot 238
Unit: Company A, Mississippi Calvary State Troops, Berry’s Battalion.

Mr. Edwards was born February 10, 1830 in Lauderdale County, Mississippi. With the War’s outbreak, he enlisted on August 1, 1864 and was discharged on March 16, 1865. At the time of his death, he was a medical doctor and a member of the Masons. He died at home due to a stroke on January 10, 1910.
Ellis, D. G. W., Rev. (Private)
Lot 379
Unit: Company E, 7th Battalion Mississippi Regiment.
Mr. Ellis was born in Vimville, Mississippi on May 10, 1826. [FG - DOB January 10, 1826] He enlisted in the service on May 3, 1862, presumably, serving as a Chaplain. His discharge came with the general surrender on April 26, 1865. He was married to Virilla Woodliff. Mr. Ellis was a member of the Masons. He departed this earth on May 21, 1910.

Ethridge, Isaac Franklin (Private)
Lot 17
Unit: Company K, 13th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Ethridge was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on March 4, 1846. [FG has his birth place as Alabama, and his parents where John and Annie Miranda Davidson Ethridge.] He joined to fight for the Confederacy on May 26, 1864 in Mobile, Alabama. Mr. Ethridge was discharged on April 9, 1865 after the surrender at Appomattox. After the War, he became one of the foremost and successful furniture dealers in Meridian. His sales grew, so that, he had to open a second store. The 1st was located on 4th street in the second on 24th Ave. and 5th Street. Expressions like full of plug, enterprise, and perseverance describes his character. It was said that he sold his furniture on the smallest possible profit margins, not unlike furniture dealers proclaimed to the present day. His stores carried one of the largest inventories in the state and his market area extended over 100 miles around the city. He was married to Lizzie May Ethridge. He passed away on January 20, 1928 from heart trouble.

Evans, William P. (Captain)
Lot 140
Unit: Company H, 37th Mississippi Infantry Battalion.
Mr. Evans was born on August 27, 1823. With the advent of the War, he was enlisted as a Captain in February 1862 in Marion, Mississippi by Col. W. S. Patton, who also rests in Rose Hill Cemetery. Records indicate that he was on a leave of absence. In early May 1862 a continuous battle ensued about his rank. The Army insisted that he was mistakenly enrolled as a Captain. By April 1863 he was refusing his rank as a lieutenant and insisted on being a Capt. When his rank should have been that of a Lieutenant. By the following year, April 1864, he was hospitalized for chronic diarrhea and was mustered out of the hospital by the surgeon on July 7, 1864 on furlough for his condition. Records suggest that he didn't return to his unit, thereafter. A question of court-martial was entertained, but he was later that month discharged from service due to his medical condition. After the War, it was noted that he was elected as a City Alderman. In November 1871, in the end, either elected or appointed Mayor in
December of that year. He was charged with restoring order in the city following the riot of 1871. He was married to Laura J. Rainey Evans (1837-1877). He passed away on December 20, 1887.

**Fewell, John W. (Captain)**

**Lot 213**

**Unit: Prince William County Calvary Troop – later named the 4th Virginia Calvary, Company A**

Mr. Fewell was born in Fairfax County, Virginia on October 18, 1844, the son of Thomas T. and Sarah A. Leachman Fewell. His father, Thomas lived and died in Virginia and worked as a farmer and merchant. Both of his parents were of English ancestry. Our veteran was raised on the farm in Virginia. He received his education in the County schools of that area and later attended the Fairview Seminary in Culpepper County, Virginia and the Piedmont Academy in Fauquier County, Virginia.

At the age of 17, on January 11, 1862, he enlisted in a Calvary Troop that later was named Company A of the 4th Virginia Calvary. This company served under Gen. J. E. B. Stuart and later under Gen. Fitzhugh Lee in Wickham's and Mumford's Brigade. He served in the Seven Days Battles around Richmond on the staff of Gen. Roger A. Pryor. During the Gettysburg campaign, he was a courier for Gen. Jeb Stuart and was captured and taken to Fort Delaware, from which he escaped in September 1863 and rejoined his Regiment. On April 1, 1865, his service to the Confederacy was brought to a close with the loss of a leg at the Battle of Five Forks just days before the general surrender on April 9, 1865.

Shortly after the War in 1866, he began the study of law in Middleburg, Virginia and in October of that year into the University of Virginia Law School from which he graduated in June 1868, after 2 years of study.

In January 1869, he moved to Meridian, Mississippi, where he practice his profession and began taking an active part in the politics of the state. When the role of the Democratic Party was restored to the state, he was quickly elected as a State Senator. In 1886, he would have been elected to Congress, except that a deadlock occurred in the balloting, which lasted 2 days. His service in the state legislature was distinguished in accomplishing great work for the real Southern people of the state. He served as his party as the chairman of the executive committee of the Democratic Party for the City of Meridian, the County of Lauderdale and the state of Mississippi. He never compromised when issues of preserving democracy were raised. In 1890, without opposition, he was sent as a representative to the Constitutional convention in Jackson to craft the new state constitution. He served on the cheap committees and represented the people of the state with wisdom and courage. His career before the bar of almost a quarter of a century was exceptional, unblemished and he had no superior in the courts in which he practice.

The terms used to describe and praise Mr. Fewell are so many in number as to be difficult to list. A few of his accolades follow: an exceptional man with a great head United to a great heart, a strong thinker, an acute reason or, an eloquent speaker, a sincere direct positive man, strongly loved, blindly trusted, honest, open
and above all indiscretion, a man free from arrogance or superiority and a man of noble charity often known only to himself.

In spite of his loss of a leg during the War and his need to carry himself upon crutches, he was active in all affairs of the city and state. He was the chief owner and the president of the Meridian Gas Light Company and the Meridian Electric Company, thus helping to transform the development of the area at the beginning of the 20th century.

In 1870, he married Miss Olivia Gaines, with whom he had 6 children. Also, on December 13, 1870, military governor, Gen. Stafford appointed him as a Col. and Field Officer for Lauderdale County, although to many of his friends, he remained Capt. Fewell until his death. He was an important member in the Presbyterian Church, and gave generously of his wealth to various churches in the city as well. His death occurred on December 26, 1906, from heart trouble. He departed this earth with the love, respect and high praises of all who knew him, as well as, a wonderful tribute from his Masonic and the Knights of Pythias Lodges published in the local newspaper. The newspaper also stated that he applied his energies after the War to the development of his mind which culminated in the forming of one of the most successful and distinguished lawyers who was ever honored the South.

Gary, John H. (Henry) Sr. (Colonel)
Lot 37
Unit: Company E, Mississippi, 2nd partisan Rangers – Company H, 38th Mississippi Calvary.

Mr. Gary, the son of Matthias Gary and Sarah Melton Gary, was born on May 16, 1820. He was the 2nd owner Mary Hope, and served with distinction during the War. After being discharged he returned to Meridian and was engaged in business with his son, J. H. Gary, Jr., in a broker and cotton weighing business named Gary and Son. He was married to Kate Eliza Gary. When he died in June 1893, his funeral was conducted at Merrehope which was then owned by Mr. J. C. Lloyd, a noted Confederate veteran and premier businessman in the city who rest in Rose Hill Cemetery. An invitation to his funeral can be found today at Merrehope.

Gifford, John T. (Private)
Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company F, 35th Mississippi Infantry

Mr. Gifford was born in 1820 and died on October 4, 1862. Private Gifford was Killed in Action in Corinth, Mississippi.
Gilbert, A. P. (Private)
Lot 218
Unit: Company H, 14th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Gilbert was born on October 27, 1845. At the age of 15 years, he enlisted to serve the Confederacy on May 1, 1861 and served until his discharge on April 26, 1865. He was employed by Gary and Son in Meridian as a cotton weigher. He was a member of the Masons. His death came on March 13, 1895.

Gould, Brainard Elisha (Lieutenant)
Lot 301 - Also has a Veteran’s Marker in Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company G, 8th Alabama Infantry
Mr. Gould was born in Dixmont, Maine on March 6, 1838, the son of Elisha and Rebecca Westen Alden Gould. The father was born on February 16, 1803 and the mother on January 9, 1812.
Before 1860, he left Maine to visit his uncle, Lyman Gould, who was living in Meridian. When the War erupted, he enlisted in Alabama on May 25, 1861. On December 23, 1863 he received his promotion to Lieutenant because of his valor and skills. His discharged came with the general surrender on April 9, 1865 at Appomattox Court House. There is no record of injuries and he was promoted to Lieutenant on December 24, 1863. After the War, he married Sarah Louise Davis Carter, the widow of Mr. Carter from Enterprise, on February 19, 1867. His was born in Savannah, Georgia in February 1842 and died in Meridian, Mississippi on June 16, 1911. Her body rests in Rose Hill Cemetery also. He worked as a cabinet maker for A. B. Wagner Furniture. Mr. Gould died on October 20, 1891.

Graham, John W.
Lot 324
Unit: 13th Mississippi Infantry
Mr. Graham was born on January 13, 1842. His enlistment was at Lauderdale Springs, Mississippi in January 1862 at the age of 20 years. Mr. Graham was wounded in the thigh at Gettysburg and captured. He was then sent to David’s Island, New York and then on to Camp Chase in Ohio. he was parolled on May 2, 1865. He was married to Mrs. R.J. (maiden name not found). His death occurred on November 17, 1913.
Graham, William James  
Lot 324  
Unit: 5th Battalion, Alabama Volunteers  
Mr. Graham was born on January 13, 1842 to Thomas Jefferson Graham and Sarah Jane Honeycutt Graham in Bibb County, Alabama. He enlisted in Mobile, Alabama on June 25, 1861. His muster cards indicate that he deserted near Richamon July 29, 1862. On November 27, 1866 he married Mary Jane McArn of Toomsuba, Mississippi. He died from heart trouble on July 23, 1918.

Gressett, Andrew Jack (Reverend) (Private)  
Lot 189  
Unit: Company C, 36th Mississippi Infantry.  
Rev. Gressett was born on February 24, 1845. At the age of 19 years, he enlisted on February 20, 1864 in Lauderdale County, Mississippi and served until his discharge on May 4, 1865. He had been home on furlough for about 45 days when his command was surrounded and surrendered at Fort Blake, Alabama.

Following the War, it was noted that he began in 1879 to publish a Baptist newspaper called The Southern Baptist which he emerged into the Baptist Record which was a state wide circulation of the Baptist Church in the early to mid 1880's. The Baptist Record continues to be published until the present day. In 1884, he was working as a clerk for Marks, Liechtenstein and Company in Meridian. He established the Gressett Music Store on 23rd Ave. and 2nd Street to sell musical instruments, and soon, it became the leading music store in sales in the state. He especially saw large numbers of pianos and organs to the churches and schools locally and in surrounding states. As the general Southern agent for the wealthy corporation of Ludden and Bates, he was able to obtain and sell all types of musical merchandise. He owned and operated the store, which was one of the oldest businesses in the city and was known for his reliability, guarantee of merchandise, price and promptness of delivery. He was married to Alice J. Gressett.

At the age of 64 years in September 1906, he began to receive a veterans pension from the state. At that time, he was working as a night watchman for the railroad.

Mr. Gressett served faithfully as a Mason and Woodman of the World and on his 72nd birthday, February 24, 1917, this well-liked and respected gentleman left this life due to heart failure. In July 1917, his widow applied for his pension at the age of 52 years. She declared that she was his widow, and had 2 sons and 4 daughters, and lived with one of her sons, A. J. Gressett, Junior. It is not known if she was granted the pension or not.
Gulley, James Alexander (Private)
Lot 74
Unit: Company A, 35th Mississippi Regiment Infantry and Company F, Perrin’s Regiment.

Mr. Gulley was born on June 6, 1847, in Kemper County, Mississippi, the son of Philemon Hodges Gully, Senior and Matilda Jane (Alexander) Gully, both from North Carolina. The family lived in Kemper County, Mississippi.

He enlisted on March 6, 1862 in the 35th Regiment Infantry and again in the summer of 1863 at the Mississippi in Perrin’s Regiment and served until being discharge on May 4, 1865. On October 14, 1875, he married Miss Lena E. McQueen.

In 1865, he began his business career in the city and owned his own business called J. A. Gully, General Merchandise on 22nd Ave. and 4th Street. His business arrived and he was considered to be honorable, friendly, courteous, well-liked man and was held in the highest esteem by the citizens of the area. He served as the City Tax Assessor and Collector for Meridian for many years and discharge his duties well.

An application for his veteran’s pension was filed on August 31, 1922 and his pension was granted on September 4 of that year. At the age of 83 years, he died of old age on February 2, 1931.

Halsell, Martin V. B. (Sergeant)
Lot 222
Unit: Company E, 40th Alabama
Born in Alabama on November 3, 1836 to Samuel and Susan Elam Halsell. Mr. Halsell was discharged from service by furnishing a substitute soldier. He was married Sarah Head. Attended Baptist Church. He died August 13, 1901.

Handley, John L., Sr. (Private)
Lot 24
Unit: Company H, 7th Alabama Infantry.

Mr. Handley was born on January 28, 1832, and died on January 29, 1908. Mr. Handley was parolled at Citronelle, Alabama on May 17, 1865. A CSA marker stands at his gravesite. He was married to Annie Handley (1824-1901) and was a member of the Masons.
Hankins, E. (Edward) L. (Locke) (Major)  
Lot 395.  
Unit: Company D, Mississippi Calvary, 3rd Battalion, Ashcroft's Mississippi State Troops – Captain  
Mr. Hankins was born in 1823. His enlistment in Richmond, Virginia extended from January 9, 1864 to May 4, 1865. On May 1, 1864, he was appointed Major by the governor of Mississippi and assigned to duty. He was married to Mary Jane McFadden (1827-1892). His death came in 1900.

Harbour, William Chandler (Private)  
Lot 315  
Unit: Company K, 43rd Mississippi Regiment Infantry.  
Mr. Harbour was born in Perry County, Alabama on October 10, 1835, the son of William Harbour and Temperance. “Tempie” (or Tempee) Radford Harbour both from Alabama. On October 25, 1855, he married Miss Caroline Hickman Jones, who was born on July 22, 1835 in North Carolina. She died on July 11, 1915 and rest in Rose Hill Cemetery. They had 2 children, John B. and Nancy Ann, both born in Kemper County, Mississippi in 1856 and 1858, respectively. He was a successful businessman and planter in Kemper County, Mississippi. His business was called W. C. Harbour and Son and was located in Daleville, Mississippi.  
He enlisted on May 11, 1862 in Dekalb, Mississippi and was captured at Vicksburg. He was listed as absent without leave, but was in Union custody. Although a parole was signed in July 1863 he was listed as unexchanged as of July 1864. His death occurred on March 11, 1911.

Hardee, T. (Thomas) J. (Jefferson) (Private)  
Lot 276  
Unit: Company G, 1st Mississippi Regiment Calvary.  
Mr. Hardee was born January 7, 1827 in Macon, Mississippi.  
[FG - born in Wilcox County, Alabama] His parents were Kindred Hardee (1800-1875) and Margaret Chandler Hardee (1806-1880). He was married on Octoer 1, 1849 in Wilcox County to Henrietta Burns and together they six children. He enlisted on March 18, 1861 in Clarke County, Mississippi in what was then called Miller's Mississippi Calvary Regiment. His discharge came in 1865 when his command surrendered near Oglethorpe, Georgia, however, he
had been absent from his company, for 6 months on duty at Damascus, Georgia. After the War, he married Miss E. (Elizabeth) F. (Fidelia) (maiden name not found)[FG 'Dolly' James] on September 26, 1880 in Pachuta, Clarke County, Mississippi.

At the age of 80 years, on July 12, 1906, he filed an application for his veteran's pension claiming that he was no longer able to work. The pension was approved on September 28, 1906. Mr. Hardee died from heart trouble on July 21, 1908. His widow filed for his pension on September 9, 1912.

Harper, Joe Payne (Private)
Lot 263
Unit: Company D, 13th Mississippi Cavalry [#51- Company B]

Mr. Harper was born in Clarke County, Mississippi on June 15, 1844. He enlisted and served from April 9, 1863 until his discharge on April 26, 1865. Following the War, he was known to work as a clerk at the B. F. Quarles Company in Meridian, Mississippi. He was married to Eugenia Alice Lee. He departed this life in Dallas, Texas where he died from heart trouble on May 12, 1916.

Harris, George M.
Lot 432
Unit: 1st Mississippi Infantry (Patton’s Army of 10,000) [#51- Company B]

Mr. Harris was born on March 1, 1840 and died on April 20, 1905. He was married to Mary E. Harris (1845-1902).
Harris, H. (Henry) C. (Chambers) (Private)
Lot 6
Unit: Company H, 36th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.

Mr. Harris was born on October 25, 1847. His parents were John Hampton Harris and Susan Colmean Williams Harris. He enlisted on May 5, 1862 at about 15 years of age and served until May 4, 1865. He passed away on October 18, 1878 at the age of 31 years, possibly as one of the victims of the yellow fever epidemic that was raging in Meridian at that time.

Harris, H. E. (Private)
Lot 99 [according to #51] - {Unknown grave location according to #408 original]
Unit: Quartermaster Department.

Mr. Harris was born on October 15, 1844. He enlisted in the service February 1, 1865 was found unfit for field service by whatever quality physical was administered at that time. Still wishing to serve, he was assigned as a clerk in the quartermaster Department in Meridian, Mississippi to serve under Maj. Thomas C. Fearn. His death occurred on October 19, 1895 at the age of 51 years.

Harris, J. (John) H. (Hampton) (Private)
Lot 6
Unit: Company F, 31st Alabama Regiment Infantry. [FG - Company C]

Mr. Harris was born on December 20, 1814 in Alabama. He enlisted on April 6, 1862 and was killed in action on February 3, 1865 in Brandon, Mississippi. He was married to Susan Coleman Williams Harris.

Harris, William S. (First Sergeant)
Lot 6
Unit: Company H, Early’s Brigade, 2nd Mississippi Battalion Infantry.

Mr. Harris was born September 9, 1839 in Brandon, Rankin County, Mississippi. His parents were John Hampton Harris and Susan Coleman Harris. [FG - Born in Warren County, Mississippi] He enlisted on March 14, 1861 and...
served until discharge on May 13, 1865. Following the War, he located in Meridian, Mississippi, and became one of its most distinguished businessman, civic leaders and noted fisherman. Initially, after his arrival in 1866, he and his brother became popular conductors on the Montgomery and Vicksburg Railroad from which he retired and entered the grain and brokerage business. Both of them had made many friends and contacts across the state while working on the railroad. The business, located at 2508 2nd St., was known as W. S. Harris and Brother and was established in 1880. As commission merchants, they sold vast quantities of flour, grain and produce and provisions throughout the area and the state. They conducted a large brokerage business in cotton, and were popular with both the buyers and sellers, and were very knowledgeable in all aspects of the cotton business. In 1874, he was elected to the first Board of Councilman in the city and for many years, served with great skill as the City Treasurer and his later years. On one occasion, he received a good complementary vote to be mayor.

He also was one of the most prominent of Masons, holding membership in Meridian Lodge 308, Patton Counsel Number 24, Cyrene Commandry Knights Templars and Hamasa Temple, and the Mystic Shriners. He was also a member of the Presbyterian Church, the Walthall Camp United Confederate Veterans and the Order of Railway Conductors.

While on his way home on November 29, 1904, he suddenly grasped a fence and dropped to his knees in front of Dr. Carter’s house. The doctor rushed to his side, but he was gone immediately from neuralgia of the heart. The newspaper reported that he had died from an acute illness lasting but a few minutes. Genuine grief was expressed by all, including Mayor Rivers, who convened a board meeting and passed resolutions of respect to honor his memory as one of the most prominent and best-loved men of the city.

**A TRIBUTE**

Those who have known Mr. Harris during his long and influential career, here paid the tribute of testifying that he was one of nature's noblemen, a true man who measured up to the highest standards of manhood. He had many devoted friends and admirers who loved him for his great heart and his nobility of character and who saw in him many of the characteristics that make up a model man.

What a truly beautiful tribute to describe the life of a Confederate veteran and the noble character which she possessed.

He was survived by his wife, Harriett Ann Swett (1837-1911) and 3 children, Mrs. C. J. Hyde, Mrs. M. J. Lowry, and W. S. Harris, Junior, who was one of the first four mailmen in Meridian, Mississippi.
Harrison, Thomas G. (2nd Lieutenant)
Lot 376
Unit: Company K, 41st Mississippi Infantry
Mr. Harrison was born in Macon, Mississippi on August 19, 1828 (1826?). He enlisted to serve the Confederacy on April 19, 1862 in Macon, Mississippi for three years. He was paid a bounty of $50 every two months. On August 27, 1863, he was elected 3rd Sergeant, but the next month, he was sent by the surgeon to the hospital in Atlanta, Georgia because of his wounds. He was again hospitalized on August 18, 1864. When Lieut. Gen. R. Taylor surrendered his men to US Major General E. R. S. Canby at Citronelle, Alabama, he was taken prisoner and was paroled as a prisoner of war on May 23, 1865. He departed this earth on October 26, 1892. His wife, Mrs. R. F. Harrison, applied for a veteran’s pension. On August 30, 1895 and was granted a pension on September 3, 1895. At that time she rented a small house in Meridian, Mississippi for herself and her daughter.

Harvey, John W. (Private)
Lot 85 - Marker is on the ground.
Unit: Company C, 41st Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Harvey was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on April 11, 1829. He enlisted on February 8, 1862 at Marion Station, Mississippi for a period of 3 years and was paid a bounty to serve. In February 1862, he was sent home on furlough because of sickness but by November was back with his company. On September 20, 1863, he was wounded at Chickamauga and sent to the hospital in Atlanta, Georgia by the surgeon. He seemed to be mostly hospitalized, at least, through March 1864. One muster card indicated that he was reitred to the Invalid Corps on October 10, 1864 at Demopolis, Alabama. Lieut. Gen. R. Taylor surrendered his company at Citronelle, Alabama to Maj. Gen. Canby on May 4, 1865 and he was paroled at Meridian, Mississippi on May 16, 1865, although, it is believed that he had been home for some time because of his wounds. He passed away on September 5, 1887.

Hawkins, William Benjamin (Private)
Lot 340
Unit: Company B, Wirt Adams, Mississippi Cavalry Regiment.
Mr. Hawkins was born on March 24, 1832. He enlisted on June 1861 in Panola County, Mississippi and was discharged in 1865 at Gainesville, Alabama. He was married to Margaret Elizabeth Atkins, but at the time of his pension application on July 25, 1907, he was a wid-
ower. He was 76 years of age and stated that he didn't have a home of his own and live with his sons, W. D. and E. B. Hawkins and their families. His pension was granted on September 2, 1907, but he lived only 4 months longer, dying on January 12, 1908.

Heiss, Gustave M. (Marinus), Sr.
Lot 117
Unit: Company G, Crescent Regiment, New Orleans, Louisiana

Mr. Heiss was born on November 5, 1839. He enlisted to serve the Confederacy in 1861 in New Orleans, Louisiana. On June 29, 1863, he was detailed outside the Army department under orders to travel to Meridian, Mississippi and to conduct the Southern Telegraph Company, as is manager until the end of the War, which for him came in May 1865. After the War, on June 11, 1868, he married Miss Louise A. Hurlbutt. He served as the City Clerk of Meridian for a time. Mr. Heiss died on June 3, 1908. His wife filed for his veteran's pension on July 3, 1928 and it was granted on September 3, 1928.

Henderson, Granville B. (Private – Second Corporal)
Lot 22 [Memorial marker in Confederate Memorial Section]

Mr. Henderson was born on February 8, 1828 in Lauderdale County, Mississippi. He enlisted to serve on March 30, 1861, and remained on duty and to the general surrender on April 9, 1865 at Appomattox Courthouse, Virginia. However, he was actively engaged in only 3 battles because a severe knee wound was received in 1862 that sent him to the Richmond Hospital, and then to the Lauderdale Springs Hospital from which he was furloughed home. Until the War’s end, he seemed to be detached to the Community Department at Enterprise, Mississippi. He worked as Deputy Chandery Clerk. He was twice married, first to Margaret Ann (maiden name not found) in 1852 and to Mrs. H. A. (G.?) (Last name was not found) on December 23, 1864. His death from heart trouble occurred on June 1, 1893.

Mrs. H. A. (G.?) Henderson applied for a veteran's pension but was denied on August 8, 1894 for lack of proof. At the time, she was living with her son-in-law, Mr. J. K. Hopkins or her son, W. G. Henderson, who had one son and two daughters. Eventually, she was approved and continued to draw pension until 1916. Mrs. Margaret Ann Henderson applied for her veteran's pension on August 24, 1921, and received a pension on July 5, 1921.
Henderson, William D. (Private)
Lot 22
Unit: Company E, 5th Alabama Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Henderson was born July 27, 1832 in Alabama. When the War began, he enlisted on March 26, 1861 in Sumter County, Alabama and served until his discharge on April 9, 1865 at Appomattox Courthouse, Virginia. At the time of the discharge, he had been a prisoner of war for seven days. He married Miss Stacy Ann Boswell and worked as a carpenter. His death occurred on January 1, 1911 as a result of heart trouble.
He applied for his veteran's pension on August 22, 1903 at the age of 71 years and received it on September 25, 1903. At that time, he was living in a rented house and had two sons and a daughter who cared for him. The County Health Officer, Dr. R. L. Turner, certified that he was indigent and that he was unable to earn a living by his own labor.

Hight, William W. (Private)
Lot 99 (#51) -- {#408 oringal says unknown} [Confederate Memorial Section]
Unit: 1st Mississippi Calvary. {#408} {Memorial Marker Company K, 18th Mississippi Calvary}
Mr. Hight was born on September 1, 1847 in Lafayette County, Mississippi. He was then listed on February 24, 1862 and was discharged on May 12, 1865. He departed this earth January 17, 1921.

Hopson, Elkins Carlisle
Lot 64
Unit: Company E, 1st Mississippi Infantry State Troops
Mr. Hopson was born on November 24, 1834 in Mississippi. He was married to Fannie H. Gunn. He died April 6, 1898.

Houston, Robert McClung
Lot 73
Unit: 1st Alabama Battalion (Pelham's Cadets)
Mr. Houston was born in Alabama on January 6, 1847, the son of Robert F. and Ann Gillespie Houston, both of Tennessee. He enlisted on July 28, 1864 in Mobile, Alabama and was discharged from Meridian, Mississippi on May 13, 1865. Following the War, he married Miss Mary "Mollie" Hogshead in 1873 and worked as an insurance agent. At the age of 74 years, he applied for his pension on September 1, 1921 and it was granted on September 5, 1921. At that time, he was living in a rented property. He died on February 10, 1927.
Hunter, John G. (Private)
Lot 75
Unit: Company F, 46th Mississippi Regiment Infantry – Company A, 6th Battalion Mississippi Infantry.
Mr. Hunter was born the son of a. D. Hunter from North Carolina and his wife Miss Stewart on May 14, 1845 in Lauderdale County, Mississippi. On February 28, 1862, he joined the Army and served until his discharge on May 4, 1865. A mention was made a Mr. A. Dunn was substituting in July 1962 for J. G. Hunter because of sickness. Following the War, he married Miss M. J. Bell. On March 21, 1909, he departed this life. [#51 - DOD July 19, 1919] [FG - DOD September 21, 1909]

Hurst, J. W. (Private)
Lot 275
Unit: Company I, 45th Alabama Regiment Infantry.
His birth occurred on September 24, 1847. Mr. Hearst enlisted in the Army on March 9, 1862 and was discharged on April 26, 1865. He was married to Dorinda Hurst (1832-1891). He was a member of the Masons. He died on February 27, 1903.

Hyde, Andrew Jackson (Private) [#236 2nd Lt.]
Lot 204
Unit: Company A, 2nd Regiment Infantry, Mississippi State Troops. [#236 - Co. D, 2nd Mississippi Infantry State Troops]
Mr. Hyde was born in Enterprise, Mississippi on December 5, 1834. He enlisted on August 22, 1864 and was discharged on May 4, 1865. His wife was the former, Miss Maud Warren [FG - Melinda F. Warren (1840-1884)]. After the War, he became owner and manager of the Southern Standard Press Company. From July 1899 to 1908, he served as the Postmaster for Meridian, Mississippi. He slipped away on November 20, 1915, from old age being in his early 80s.

Hyer, Wilburn F., M.D. (Assistant Surgeon)
Lot 473
Dr. Hyer was born on March 24, 1839 in Summerville, Tennessee, the son of Rev. William and Jane (Tobey) Hyer. Rev. Hyer, of German descent, was from Pennsylvania and his mother was of English descent from Connecticut. His father had been a schoolteacher as a young man, but
later became an ordained minister in the Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1840, Rev. Hyer took his family to Memphis, Tennessee, where he opened the first boarding school for young girls in the state. The family arrived in Mississippi in 1854, so that he could take over the Vicksburg church in the Mississippi conference.

Dr. Hyer was the only son to reach maturity, and had been reared in Memphis, Tennessee, Aberdeen and Vicksburg, Mississippi and had received an excellent education in private schools. When his father died of yellow fever in 1855, he entered medical school and graduated from Shelby medical college in Nashville, Tennessee in 1859 and settled in Marshall County, Mississippi in January 1862 practice medicine. The following year, he married miss, Eliza Bowen in April 1861 and they had 8 children.

With the War’s onset, he enlisted on May 18, 1861 as an assistant surgeon and was ordered to report to Virginia under the command of Gen. Joseph Johnston in Winchester, Virginia. By June 5, 1861, he had been transferred to Kirby Smith’s Brigade. Throughout the War, he remained very active providing medical services to the troops. By November 1861, he was back in Mississippi as a surgeon of the 2nd Mississippi State Regiment at Columbus, Mississippi under Gen. Alcorn. Next he was appointed surgeon in the Confederate Army and assigned to hospital duty at Corinth, Jackson, Holly Springs and Oxford, Mississippi Hospitals. Later he was placed on filled duty with the 2nd. Arkansas Calvary and by this time had attained Brigade Surgeon.

Following the War, he returned to Marshall County, Mississippi, and soon became a prominent citizen and served as a state representative in 1872 and 1873 and as a State Sen. in 1882 and 1884. In 1881, he was elected to the State Board of health and served as the Board as its president in 1888 in 1889. He served as the president of the Mississippi state medical association in 1880.

His medical education was continued with postgraduate studies at the University of Nashville all in 1882 and the Polyclinic in New York in 1886. He moved to Holly Springs, Mississippi in 1883 and then to Meridian in 1888. He remained on the board of health until a couple of years before his death.

Dr. Hyer was active in the Methodist Episcopal Church and was a very high ranking Mason. His death occurred on November 18, 1897.
Izard, Henry, M.D. (First Lieutenant)
Lot 193
Unit: Company H, 37th Mississippi Infantry – Field Staff
Dr. Izard was born on September 21, 1831. With the coming of the War, he enlisted on March 21, 1862 and on April 30, 1862, was promoted to regimental surgeon. A notation was made that he had brought his personal horse with him. On October 4, 1862, he was captured at Corinth, Mississippi. Military records, thereafter, from June to October 1863 had him listed as AWOL. At the War's end, he began his practice of medicine in Meridian, Mississippi and opened a new drug store on 5th Street on August 7, 1867. He married Miss Laura Lipscombre. His death occurred on April 28, 1899.

Jenkins, Martin Luther (Private)
Lot 73
Unit: Company I, 43rd Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Jenkins was born in Lowndes County, Mississippi on February 21, 1841. He enlisted in the Army on April 30, 1862 and served until his discharge on May 4, 1865. He worked for time as the Street overseer for the City of Meridian. He was also a merchant. He was married to [FG - Roberta Houstin --- #51 Martha Houston] Heart trouble claimed his life on December 12, 1909.

Jennings, William M. (Private) [#236 - Sergeant]
Lot 470
Unit: Company G, 4th Tennessee Calvary. (McLemore’s)
Mr. Jennings was born in Greensboro, Alabama on May 10, 1836. He enlisted on March 9, 1861 in Tennessee and was discharged on April 26, 1865 in Washington, Georgia. During the War, he lost his right eye. As a result of an explosion and, unfortunately, after the War a nail struck his left eye, causing him to see very little. He never married and worked as a mattress maker. His death occurred from heart trouble or March 10, 1897.

Jemmison, J. T.
Lot 268
Unit: Company C, 2nd Mississippi Calvary.
Mr. Jemmison was born April 6, 1844, and died on November 23, 1896. Mr. Jemison was a member of the Masons.
Jemison, W. A. “Duckie” (Private)
Lot 268
Unit: Company K, 40th Alabama Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Jemison was born on February 22, 1846 in Alabama and enlisted in the service on March 3, 1862 and was discharged on May 4, 1865. He departed this life on March 17, 1916 as a result of heart trouble.

Jones, Josiah
Lot 164
Unit: 79th Georgia Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Jones was born in Georgia on September 20, 1820. With the advent of the War, he enlisted in the Army on May 9, 1861 and was discharged on April 9, 1865. In September 1867, he entered into the hotel business as the owner of the Jones Hotel. The hotel had a nice bath house in his basement where anyone could take a cold or warm shower, if they so desired. Just adjacent to the bath, he had a nice shaving salon to serve his guest. He passed away on October 25, 1878, which was the time of the worst yellow fever outbreak in Meridian, Mississippi. [FG - DOD Oct 25, 1873 - I dont have a stone photo FG does unclear if it says 1873 or 1878]

Jones, Ransom J. (Reverend) (Private)
Lot 209
Unit: Company A, 12th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Jones was born in Union Church, Mississippi on March 25, 1837. His father was Ransom J. Jones (1808-1872). He enlisted in the Army on March 11, 1861 and served until his discharge on April 9, 1865. He served as a pastor in the Methodist Church. He was married to Sarah F. Mounger Jones (1837-1916). He remained in Meridian and cared for the Yellow Fever victims during the 1878 epidemic. He passed away on December 24, 1901.
Kendall, W. T., M.D. (Private)
Lot 212
Unit: Company I, Madison Rifles, 10th Mississippi Infantry.

Dr. Kendall was born in Crawfordville, Georgia on July 8, 1841. Mr. W. J. And Elizabeth Akin Kendall were his parents and work for Maryland and Georgia, respectfully. His father was both a farmer and a merchant. His education from age 5 to 15 years was obtained in schools in Baltimore, Maryland. He relocated to Canton, Mississippi prior to the War.

At the outbreak of the War, he was in New Orleans, Louisiana, attending his first lectures in medical school. He quickly returned to Mississippi and joined the 10th Mississippi Infantry, Company I. After only one year in the service, he was made Assistant Surgeon and was assigned to the hospital duty in both Canton in Meridian, Mississippi. Desiring to see combat action, he entered, in 1864, an independent Calvary unit as his Captain. He continued to serve in this unit until the general surrender on April 9, 1865.

After the War, he graduated the University of Maryland medical school in 1866. Because of his war experience, is the only graduate to receive a premature medical degree from the University. After graduation, he began his practice in Newport, Mississippi and remained there until 1883, when he moved to Meridian to continue his practice. He was held in great esteem as a doctor within the Meridian community. As a member of the Lauderdale County Medical Association, he served as a state delegate to the international American Medical Congress. In addition, he was a prominent member of the Masons.

Dr. Kendall was married twice, first to Miss Sarah B. Wyse. On August 21, 1865 with whom he had 4 children. Miss Wyse was the daughter of Capt. Joseph Wyse of Attala County, Mississippi. These 4 children were Joseph W., Gustus C., Myrtle A., And Mable B. Kendall. Miss Sally Roland became his bride on it May 17, 1874. Dr. Kendall died on October 30, 1895.

Kirkland, David L. (Private)
Lot 195
Unit: Company F, 20th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.

Mr. Kirkland was born in Forest, Mississippi on December 12, 1830. He enlisted in the Army on April 20, 1861, and received his discharge on April 9, 1865. He died on June 26, 1908 as a result of paralysis.

Kirkland, John R., M.D. (Assistant Surgeon)
Lot 71
Unit: Company F, 20th Mississippi Regiment Calvary, Mississippi Volunteers – Field Staff – Assistant Surgeon.

John Kirkland was born on December 20, 1835, the son of Moses B. and Pauline Tims Kirkland, who were natives of South Carolina. They moved to Alabama, where they farmed, and then
moved to Mississippi about 1857. John was born in Greene County, Alabama. [#51 - POB Forrest, Mississippi]

Being a good student, he graduated medical school after only 2 years from the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia in March 1859. In 1860, he began his medical practice in Hillsboro, Mississippi and was attending medical lectures in New Orleans when the war erupted in 1861. Immediately returning home, he enlisted in the 20th Mississippi Regiment, Company F, and was appointed as an Assistant Surgeon on October 9, 1861. He was captured at Fort Donaldson on February 16, 1862 and taken to Mound City, Illinois as a prisoner. Once there, he was placed in charge of the sick and wounded Confederate prisoners at the US Hospital, Mound City. His comrades credited him with saving many lives. While there. Later, on June 2, 1862, he was exchanged and reunited with his regiment in Clinton, Mississippi, where he performed the duties of surgeon at the Confederate hospital until the War ended. Records indicate that on March 2, 1865, he was admitted to the White Hospital in Meridian, Mississippi with "Debilitas." A furlough followed. He was paroled about May 1, 1865 at Greensboro, North Carolina as a result of the surrender. While assigned in Clinton, Mississippi, he married Miss A. E. Yarbrough of Scott County, Mississippi. In February 1864. They arrived in Meridian, Mississippi in September 1865 where he established his medical practice. In April 1867, his office was located over Bennett's Drugstore on Front Street. He practiced medicine until his death on April 5, 1901.

Klein, Abe (Private)
BURIED AT BETH ISRAEL
Lot 99 (#51) [#408 oringal UNKNOWN] - Has Memorial Marker in Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company A, 42nd Alabama Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Klein was born in Germany on April 15, 1841. He joined the Army on March 3, 1861 and served until the general surrender on April 9, 1865. Following the War, he served as a judge in Meridian. He passed away on January 25, 1934, from old age.
Langley, Osley M.
Lot 63 (#51 states that he has no marker)
Unit: Company C, 23rd Alabama

Unknown Birthdate. Mr. Langley was captured at Champion Hill on May 17, 1863. From Camp Moprtom, Indiana he was sent to Ft. Delaware P.O.W. Camp. He was exchanged on July 4, 1863. Mr. Landley was paroled at Salisbury, North Carolina on May 5, 1865. He died on December 15, 1912.

Lewis, W. H. (Private)
Lot 145 - {#51 no marker}
Unit: Company I, 36th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.

Mr. Lewis was born at Hickory Station, Mississippi on May 8, 1837. When the War began, he enlisted in the Army on February 24, 1862 and served until May 4, 1865. He was married to Parolee C. Lewis. He passed away on February 26, 1878.

Lloyd, Joseph Cowlin
Lot 112
Unit: Company C, 18th Mississippi Regiment Infantry. (#236 - 13th Mississippi)

Mr. Lloyd was born in Kemper County, Mississippi on February 22, 1840, the son of John E. and Ollie Spinks Lloyd, both of Mississippi. John E. Lloyd, his father, was a descendant of the Lloyd who arrived with William Penn to establish the Pennsylvania colony in 1682.

With the advent of the War, he enlisted in the Army on May 1, 1861 in Kemper County, Mississippi. His command surrendered at Appomattox Courthouse on April 9, 1865, but after serving for 27 months, he had been returned home 2 years before having lost his lower left arm at the Battle of Gettysburg on July 2, 1863. At the War’s end, it was written that he wished to rebuild his country with its ruined houses, buildings, farms, and its social and economic structure in array. Indeed, he did assist in the rebuilding of this area on a grand scale.

He arrived in Meridian, Mississippi in May 1865 after the War ended. By 1867, he was operating a grocery store on Front Street in Meridian, Mississippi under the name of Lloyd, White and Company which made him one of the City’s first merchants. On February 11, 1868, he witnessed Caledonia D. Alderman, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Alderman. They were to have
14 children of which 4 would die at an early age. Active in civic affairs, he served as one of the city's Aldermen. He became very active in his church and served as a deacon in the First Baptist Church, even though, his family was Presbyterian. The family became the 3rd owners of Mariano, having bought it from Mr. Matthias Gary who also rests with in Rose Hill Cemetery, and adding to the house five bedrooms which is understandable with his fathering 14 children.

One of his most lasting contributions was his instrumental part in establishing the public school system in Meridian in about 1886.

He rapidly became one of the most outstanding businessmen of the late 1800s in the state. His business accomplishments are a chronicle of the economic development of this area after the War. Up until 1895, Mr. Lloyd was involved in almost every business venture in the area, either as an owner, investor, or director, and the business categories of some of his enterprises are listed as follows: banks, Street building, railway system, machine works, electric light Company, ice factory, logging, canning, will factories for wagons, land companies, hotel companies, newspapers, and as the promoter for the fares in the city.

Under the training of his father, he learned the insurance business and eventually established a Lloyd Insurance Agency, perhaps, the oldest insurance agency in the state. It had a close relationship with the large Brown Insurance Agency of Atlanta, Georgia, but no relationship with Lloyd's of London as some might suspect by his name. Lloyd's was the name of the London club, in which, agents would gather to conduct the business that would eventually evolve into the world-famous insurance company. He was also engaged in the newspaper business in the city for 10 years.

On November 1, 1888, he established and served as president of the Meridian Land and Industrial Company, which was one of the most important factors in the rebuilding and the growth of the city. He managed to unlock the vast Lewis Ragsdale really state holdings and make that land available for development. The Company owned 2000 lots in all areas of the city and 100 acres of land adjacent to the city. In fact, some parcels of land encompassing Rose Hill Cemetery was purchased from Mr. Lloyd. He prospered tremendously as the city expanded to become the largest city in the state by 1890.

Unfortunately, since most of his wealth was in real estate, the Financial Panic of 1892 – 93 essentially destroyed his vast wealth. With his spirit broken by the loss of all, for which he worked so hard, he became an invalid for almost 2 years. However, the spirit and character that carried him through the War and his business success returned. He was elected City Clerk where he served with the efficiency and with great ability for four years. With his health restored, he reentered the insurance business with great energy and drive and rebuilt a fine business.

Mr. Lloyd departed this earth on August 3, 1916 at the age of 76 years, 5 months and 12 days from the diagnosis of marasmus.

Many words could be used to describe Mr. Lloyd, but the following was written at the time of his death:

"He was a sturdy southern gentleman, scholarly, and affable in his demeanor and he was a highly esteemed citizen. He truly kept his promise to rebuild his country. "

45
Lockard, Edward (Private)
Lot 40
Unit: Company A, 12th Mississippi Calvary.
Mr. Lockard was born on March 22, 1820 and enlisted in the Army on September 20, 1863 and was discharged on May 4, 1865. He was married to Amanda Chandler Lockacrd (1838-1901). His death occurred on March 1, 1905.

Logan, Thomas Stewart (Private)
Lot 284
Unit: Company H, 2nd Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Logan was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi, on February 3, 1837, the son of Rev. R. P. and Beulah Gladys Logan, both of South Carolina. With the coming of the War, he enlisted in the Army on March 1, 1861 and served until the general surrender on April 9, 1865. After the War, he worked as a builder. Heart trouble claimed his life on September 18, 1919.

Malone, Asa W. (Sergeant)
Lot 149
Unit: Company H, 6th Arkansas Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Malone was born on September 20, 1838. When the War began, he enlisted in Pocahontas, Arkansas and served until discharged on April 26, 1865 in Greensboro, North Carolina. In April 1863, he was assigned as a clerk in the Commissary Department. He married Miss Janie D. Malone. His death came on April 5, 1924.
May, Lambert (Captain)
Lot 150
Unit: A. A. I. G.; Staff of Major General James Patton Anderson
Mr. May was born December 1823 in Metz, France. He grew up in Kentucky. Mr. May was married to Letitia Hardin (February 23, 1823 - July 12, 1881) in Kentucky.

Mr. Lambert served on the Staff of Major General James Patton Anderson. In orders dated January 26, 1863 by General Anderson:

"Walthall's Brigade, Shelbyville, Tennessee - Captain May was particularly conspicuous in rallying and leading the troops where danger was thickest. To him I am also indebted for the prompt attention of my order to bring from the field the captured artillery."

Captain May was again mentioned in orders by General Anderson on October 7, 1963:

"Headquarters Anderson's Brigade, near Chattanooga - Captain Lambert May, Acting Assistant Inspector General, displayed his usual impetuous valor throughout the engagement until he fell from his horse severely wounded in the face. His gallantry was conspicuous and served to inspire the troops with an enthusiasm almost boundless."

Late in the War, Captain May was promoted to the rank of Major and Assistant Adjutant General. His wife Letitia (Laetitia) Hardin May died on July 12, 1881 and was buried at Rose Hill Cemetery in Meridian, Mississippi. On September 12, 1882 Major May married his second wife, Mrs. Julia Stennis, widow to Colonel Adam Stennis of Company K (Kemper County), 46th Mississippi. Col. Stennis later withdrew from the 46th, and raised a Company serving under the 5th Mississippi. Col. Adam Stennis's house was built in 1857 by hays Rogers and is located near the end of King Road and serves as a Bed and Breakfast. It is reported that his house is the oldest Plantation home in Lauderdale County.

After Julia married Major May, she reportedly withdrew from services at the Fellowship Baptist Church of Pine Springs community and began worship services at the Catholic Church. A delegation from the Baptist Church looked into these reports and found them to be true. Mrs. May's name was then stricken from the Fellowship Baptist Church Roll.

Major May passed away on October 29, 1888 and was buried beside his first wife, Letitia Hardin May at Rose Hill Cemetery. His second wife, Mrs. Julia Stennis May, married Mr. Edwards sometime before her death on January 18, 1864. According to a census of the Fellowship Baptist Church cemetery, Julia was laid to rest next to her first husband, Colonel Adam Stennis.
Mims, W. H.
Lot 429
Unit: Hoskins Battery Mississippi Light Artillery
Mr. Mims was born in 1839. Mr. Mims enlisted in the Army in 1862 and served until discharged in May 1865 in Raleigh, North Carolina. After the War, he wet Miss Ida (maiden name not found) on July 20, 1868. His death occurred on March 25, 1898.

Mitchell, Joseph R. (Ordinance Sergeant)
Lot 272
Unit: Company A, 37th Mississippi Regiment Infantry
Mr. Mitchell was born July 4, 1836 in Sumter County Alabama. He served with Company A, 37th Mississippi Regiment Infantry. He married Miss Sallie Burwell and was for many years, associated with the Lauderdale County Board of Supervisors. He passed away on November 18, 1902.

Montgomery, Frank L. (Private)
Lot 331
Unit: Company C, 5th Mississippi Regiment Infantry – initially, Lauderdale Springs Grey’s, Mississippi Volunteers then Company C
Mr. Montgomery was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on October 7, 1844. When the War erupted, he enlisted in the Army on October 18, 1861 in Enterprise, Mississippi and served until the general surrender on April 9, 1865. It was paroled on May 1, 1865 at Greensboro, North Carolina. He also served as a musician in the service. He married Miss Elizabeth Beck. He was an engineer with the V&M Railroad. He died on June 2, 1900.
Moody, Agricola (Private)  
Lot 179  
Unit: The Quitman Light Artillery; Captain A. P. Hill's Partisan Rangers becoming 1st Mississippi Calvary Company D, Woods Regiment, Wirt Adams Brigade.

Mr. Moody was born the son of E. F. And Mary Holiday Walker Moody, Senior on December 14, 1838. He enlisted it was mustered in on July 29, 1862 in Canton, Mississippi and the partisan Rangers. On October 31, 1862 through March 1, 1863 he was recorded as being AWOL. It was later determined that he was a POW. On December 20, 1863 he was paroled, signing the standard paper that he would no longer fight against the Union. Agricola, like many men, returned to his Company and resumed the fight. His pay records indicate that he was 5’10” with a light hair, blue eyes, and a fair complexion. Mr. A. P. Hill was a lawyer and resigned as a company commander and was replaced by 1st Lieut., J. S. Smythe. Mr. Moody served until War's the end. He was married to Henrietta H. Baker Moody. It was his brother, E. F. Moody, Jr. who was also a veteran and who purchased the lot in Rose Hill Cemetery. [\#51 Agricola worked as a Court Clerk.\] His death occurred on February 28, 1919.

Moody, Edwin Frances, Jr.  
Lot 179.  
Unit: 37th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.  
Mr. Moody, the brother of Agricola Moody, the son of E. F. And Mary Holiday Walker Moody was born on November 27, 1833. He enlisted in the Army in the spring of 1862 and served until the War ended. He wed Miss Mary E. Applegate. He died on February 8, 1900.

Moore, James L. (Private)  
Lot 87  
Unit: Company F, 13th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.  
Mr. Moore was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi, on December 5, 1832. He enlisted in the Army on March 30, 1861 and served until the surrender on April 9, 1865. Mr. Moore worked as a clerk. Pneumonia claimed his life on August 24, 1883.
Morton, Thomas Horton (Private)
Lot 345
Unit: Company C, 36th Arkansas Regiment Infantry – Company I, 37th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Morton was born the last child of Alberta and Sarah Everett Morton on October 4, 1815 in Martin County, North Carolina. When less than 3 years of age, his family moved to Jones County, Georgia and later moved to Mississippi and settled. He was loved by his parents and only he and his brother, Oliver H. Morton, were remembered in the father's last will and testament. On November 30, 1842, he wed Miss Martha Wadsworth, possibly in Kemper County, Mississippi. The marriage produced 15 children. A letter written to his wife in 1860, indicates that he had moved to Yell County, Arkansas were her brother James lived. Mr. Morton's land was separated from that of his brother-in-law by a shallow stream. He wrote that his wife in Mississippi should give the halt the run of the pea fields, as soon as possible, and to boil turnips or corn every day for the "fattening" of the hogs. He felt that this would save his corn crop which was very important for the family. He also wished to know if his cotton was sold. The family was never to join him on the land in Arkansas. The letter also suggests that he was quite an educated man for the mid-1800s.

He and his son, Ruben Oliver, were inducted into the service at the same time. There were 3 regiments made up of boys 16 years of age and men 45 years of age or older. These units were kept within the state of Mississippi as State Troops. The father was so detailed to return home to raise corn and beef to help feed the Confederate soldiers. He passed away on January 23, 1896. Mrs. Tom (Martha) Crawford, of Meridian is one of his descendants.
Mosby, William Hezekiah (Private)
Lot 115
Unit: Company K, 13th Mississippi Infantry
Mr. Mosby was born in Richmond, Virginia to Edward Chamberlyne and Elizabeth Hull Barrett Mosby on August 27, 1833. He joined the Army on March 30, 1861 and served until the general surrender on April 9, 1865. He married Miss Frances "Fannie" A. James. He died on March 1, 1890.

See also Lauderdale County Archives Publication #369.

Musgrove, Charles W. (Private)
Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company I, 40th Mississippi Infantry
Mr. Musgrove was born on July 8, 1838. He died on June 24, 1862.

Myers, Theodore Lewis, M.D.
Lot 254
Unit: 15th Mississippi Calvary commanded by Col. Henry Maury.
Dr. Myers was born in August 12, 1846, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Porter Jacob Myers. His father was a delegate to the Mississippi Succession Convention and was one of the only two members to vote against succession. Nevertheless, Dr. Myers enlisted immediately for service. He was stationed at Mobile, Alabama and served for the duration of the War. After the War ended, he enrolled in the Mobile Medical college and won two gold medals for excellence during his training to be a physician. He wed Miss Emily McCallum(McCollum?). In the early 1870s, they lived and practiced Anna Augusta, Mississippi, and a log cabin, just a few hundred yards from the banks of the Muddy Leaf River. In 1875, the South was still in ruins, which prompted him to move his wife, and their two children to some property in Hamilton County, Texas. A boat carried them to New Orleans, Louisiana then Galveston, Texas, and then a train trip upstate to be 640 acre ranch that he had bought. Their first home in Texas was a three room log cabin with a breezeway. Rocks piled up about four feet high surrounded a nearby garden plot. There were only two neighbors some miles away. The ranch was surrounded by barbed wire fence which prompted cowboys driving their Merz to cut his stance on 3 occasions. He pleaded in vain with the
governor to send the Texas Rangers, but the fence cutters were never caught. Domestic help was a big problem in Texas and the doctor made trips back to Mississippi to bring out colored help, but they would not stay for more than a year. In 1888, the family moved to Meridian, Mississippi, but in January 1891, tragedy struck with the death of his wife, Emily. Dr. Myers, subsequently, married "Miss Rosa" Harvey. He practiced medicine in Texas and here in Mississippi. The doctor was loved and respected, especially in Texas, where he was widely known. He was a championship chess player in Mississippi and love to the game. In about July 1910, he became very ill of malarial fever and then developed a secondary pneumonia. He departed this life on September 17, 1910.

McCann, George W.
Lot 295
Unit: Company F, 17th Alabama
Born February 15, 1882 according to FindaGrave.com, but 1832 according to #236. CANNOT BE CSA? Died on June 23, 1889 according to #51. (Marker very difficult to read)

James Ulysses McCormick (2nd Lieutenant)
Lot 391
Unit: Company H, 27th Mississippi
Born in 1836 in Jasper County, MS. Died 1895 in Garlandsville, Jasper County, MS. Worked as a clerk and salesman. Married to Flora Isabella Lightsey (1842-1922).

McClung, L. (Leonidas) M. (Montgomery) T.(Thermopila) (Junior Second Lieutenant)
Lot 227
Unit: Company E, 1st Louisiana Special Battalion Infantry (Rightors)
Mr. McClung was born on February 8, 1838. He and served during the War in the unit listed above. He was married to Mary Celese Grinage McClung (1838-1889). His death occurred on October 13, 1885.
McElroy, Kennon (Colonel)

Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: 13th Mississippi Infantry

Mr. McElroy was born in 1840. Colonel McElroy commanded the 13th Mississippi Infantry. He was killed in action at Knoxville, Tennessee on November 29, 1863.

McInnis, John D. (Private, Corporal, Ordinance Sergeant)

Lot 31
Unit: Company A, 36th Alabama Volunteers - - Rumored to have participated in the St. Alban’s, Vermont Raid.

Mr. McInnis was born on March 13, 1843. On the evening of October 19, 1864, St. Alban’s Raid occurred. It is not known how Mr. McInnis came to be a member of the raiding party. On that day, a group of some 20 to 25 Confederate agents dressed in civilian clothes, crossed over the Canadian border and robbed 3 of the town banks, plundered stores and escaped with about $200,000 back over the border into Canada to Montréal. Having stolen some 20 horses, they killed one of their pursuers and wounded others as they made their escape. The Canadian authorities arrested 8 of the Raiders, which resulted in the death of one Canadian officer, and return the money, but this did not allay the fears and anger of the northern states. Canadian authorities stated that they would return those captured, but would not allow US federal troops to cross the border in pursuit of other Raiders. The federal government, fearing a breach of Canada’s neutrality complied and did not cross the border in pursuit.

After the War, for many years, Mr. McInnis was a member of the Mississippi Railroad Commission and was regarded as one of the states foremost citizens. Locally, he presided as President of the Cotton Exchange on Commerce Street and served as representative of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad (M&O). On January 21, 1907 he lost a son to pneumonia. He was faithful to the Baptist Church and passed away on August 14, 1918.

Through the later efforts of his wife, Emma Smith daughter of Dr. A.H. Smith, the President of the Winnie Davis Chapter #24 of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, the Confederate Monument, costing $5000, it now stands on the lawn of the Lauderdale County Courthouse. It was dedicated on Memorial Day, April 25, 1912. Following the unveiling, the group marched to Rose Hill Cemetery to remember the veterans within the cemetery. See also Lauderdale County Archives Publication #369.
McIntosh, James R. (Robert) (First Lieutenant)
Lot 30
Unit: Company H, 24th Mississippi Infantry.
Mr. McIntosh was born in Marengo County, Alabama on November 30, 1837. His father’s name was John McIntosh. About 1840, he moved with his parents to Chickasaw County, Mississippi. The father was considered to be one of the most successful planters in Mississippi. The plantation for many years raised, 500 bales of cotton and abundant meat, red stuff, cattle, mules, horses and sheep. His public education was received in the public school system and he was a graduate of the University of Mississippi law school. On December 20, 1860, he married Miss Kittie (Catherine) M. Buchanan, who was the daughter of Thomas J. Buchanan, one of the wealthiest planters, in Chickasaw County, Mississippi. That same year, his name was placed upon the military ticket and in November 1860 he was elected lieutenant colonel. In the summer of 1861, he joined his unit and was elected Lieutenant. In 1863, he was made an Adjutant of his Regiment, in which capacity, he served until he was shot down upon the breast works in the Battle of Franklin, Tennessee in 1864. He was taken prisoner and imprisoned at Fort Delaware. He was exchanged in March 1865 and returned to Richmond, Virginia, and furloughed home for 60 days. The general surrender at Appomattox Courthouse on April 9, 1865 took place before his furlough was over.

At the end of hostilities, he immediately called up all of the slaves and told them that they were now free, but asked them to stay on the plantation for wages that he would pay them from that day. With the exception of one man, all former slaves stayed and made an excellent crop that year.

He had received his law degree, only to have a "polite education" but now being poor, he entered law practice with Gen. W. F. Tucker, a distinguished soldier and lawyer. He continued in practice with Gen. Tucker, until April 1866 and then entered practice with Baxter McFarlane where his practice was both large and lucrative. In the fall of 1883 he joined the practice of Capt. Thomas H. Woods in Meridian, Mississippi. Capt. Woods, who also rest in Rose Hill Cemetery, was an outstanding soldier, patriot, statesman, and noted jurist. Their firm probably had the largest practice within the State. In December 1887, he left to practice law in Birmingham, Alabama, but when Capt. Woods was appointed to the Mississippi Supreme Court, he returned as senior partner in the firm McIntosh, Williams and Russell, in which he also thrived. His only elective office was serving in the state legislature in 1871.

He remained very active in Democratic politics, but described himself as a partisan and not a politician. In all his endeavors, he was active, energetic and always ready to speak on the issues of the day. He received a special honor went on June 2, 1891, the governor, state officers and the veterans selected him to receive the Confederate statue in Jackson, Mississippi on behalf of the State. He did so before a crowd of about 25,000 people. He served as a member of the Meridian Bar Association, the Knights Templars, the Masons and the Confederate Veterans organization. Mr. McIntosh departed this life in his home on March 22, 1904.
McKee, William Green
Lot 424
Unit: Company A, 24th Battalion Infantry. [FG Calvary]
Mr. McKee was born on September 3, 1822 in Georgia to Thomas and Ann Houston McKee of Harris County, Georgia. He married Martha (FG) [#51 Louise] Brown on July 22, 1847 in Harris County, Georgia.

McKenzie, John
Lot 235
Unit: CS Navy yard

McKleff, David (Private)
Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company I, 35th Mississippi Infantry
Mr. McKleff was born in 1830. He died on August 14, 1862.

McLean, William Turner
Lot 178
Unit: 35th Mississippi
Born 1846. Died October 11, 1878 from Yellow Fever. Married to Ellen H. Rawls McLean.

McLeod, John (Private)
Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company E, 24th Alabama Infantry
Mr. McLeod was born September 22, 1829 and was killed in action at Franklin, Tenness on November 30, 1864.
McLeod, (MacLeod) Malcom (Private)
Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company E, 32nd Alabama Infantry

Mr. McLeod was born April 3, 1824. He died on December 20, 1863.

Malcolm was the son of Neal Macleod and Nancy Calhoun and the brother of Daniel Macleod. Malcolm and Ruth Pugh Chapman married September 30, 1847, in Clarke County, Alabama. There were seven children from this marriage. Malcolm was known to his relatives as “Uncle Make.” Uncle Cotten wrote that Malcolm loved to argue with anyone about anything. He was not affiliated with any church. This seems strange in some ways, particularly if you read the poem he wrote his wife several months before his death. Malcolm was an uncle to Achsah Macleod and they exchanged letters during the war.

In the 1860 Clarke County Census, Malcolm was married to Ruth and is a 36 year old farmer. There are five children at home plus a domestic worker named Jane Calhoun, age 32. Malcolm’s real estate is valued at $300 and his personal property is valued at $3000.

Malcolm was mustered into the 32nd Alabama on March 19, 1862, at Jackson, Alabama. Shortly thereafter, he went to Dalton, Georgia, and was present for duty in August, 1862. On August 7, 1862, “Uncle Make” was promoted to 1st Corporal. General Bragg issued orders assigning Malcolm to duty as a nurse at Dalton on October 8, 1862. This was done because Malcolm was deemed unfit for service. During the remainder of 1862 and into the summer of 1863, Malcolm was in and out of the hospital. He was at the St. Mary’s Hospital in Dalton on November 11, 1862, with typhoid. After recovering, he was again assigned to nurse duty. A short time later, he came down with acute diarrhea and then typhoid fever re-occurred.

Malcolm’s military career during 1863 migrated from being a patient in the hospital or, when he was well, to attending patients. On July 26, 1863, he was listed at the convalescent camp at Dalton, Georgia. His record indicates that he was present for duty some in July and August, and was last paid on June 30, 1863. On August 10, 1863, Malcolm was camped at Morton, Mississippi. The army was retreating from Jackson back towards Georgia. Since Malcolm had been sick in Georgia, it must be presumed that he joined his regiment at Morton. While camped at Morton, Malcolm had a premonition of impending death. On August 10, 1863, he wrote the following to his wife, Ruth, and their children:

“Song Ballad”

“My friend and neighbors, all farewell, Your kindness I adore, But with the solemn truth I tell– I shall come back no more. Adieu, adieu–a long farewell My face you’ll see no more, So plain it is within my view. I shall return no more. O’er hills and dales along the road, I never was before, One rolling flood and raging wave– Where I’ll return no more. I am now in a distant land– I come to meet the foe, My dissolution now at hand, But I’ll return no more. Good friends and neighbors all, farewell, Champions weep no more, But raise my little children well, For I’ll return no more.

My wife and children, far at home, On earth I’ll see no more, But soon to me you all will come, Where parting is no more. My loving wife, refrain from tears, And for me weep no more. My god—
my god— I leave them all On this vile world below. In death’s cold arms I soon must fall, And to the grave must go. My wife and children, I am gone, And for me weep no more. For you can meet me, everyone, On canaan’s peaceful shore. For if I die away from home, I hope you’ll be ready soon to meet on canaan’s shore.”

The 32nd Alabama was in Stewart’s Division, Clayton’s Brigade when they arrived at Missionary Ridge above Chattanooga. The battle began on November 23. Stewart’s division was assigned to defend the southern end of the Missionary Ridge line. At 7:00 am, on November 25, the final phase of the battle began with 60,000 Union soldiers attacking approximately 40,000 confederates. It was during this charge that Malcolm Mcleod was apparently wounded in the left leg, breaking the bone. On the afternoon of November 25, 1863, Malcolm Macleod was admitted to the hospital at Chattanooga with a fractured left femur. Since Chattanooga was occupied by the Union forces, one would assume that Malcolm had been captured after being wounded. On December 3, “circular amputation was performed on the lower third of his left leg by Dr. Morgan.” Malcolm Macleod died on December 20, 1863, at the Chattanooga Hospital. His record does not indicate a cause but in most cases like this, death would be attributed to gangrene or tetanus. The premonition Malcolm had at Morton, Mississippi, came true.

I have been unable to determine where Malcolm was buried. You would assume that the Yankees buried him with hundreds of other Confederate soldiers in a common grave. Clarke County, Alabama records, 1814-1885, lists Malcolm as being buried at Mathews Cemetery south of Grove Hill on highway 43. Also buried there is his wife, Ruth, and two of their children. There is no stone there for either.

S.W. Calhoun, Jr.

McQueen, Henry H. (Reverend) (Private)
Lot 74
Unit: Company A, 11th Mississippi Calvary.
Rev. McQueen was born on September 27, 1820. He entered the service on March 9, 1863 and received his parole on May 4, 1865. He was married to Nancy Louise Elkins. He departed this life on April 7, 1880.

Nelson, George
Lot 63
Unit: Company F, 2nd Mississippi State Calvary
Died November 15, 1913

There is no marker at Mr. Nelson’s grave
Oakley, David N. (Sergeant)
Lot 288
Unit: Company F, 40th Mississippi
Mr. Oakley was born June 3, 1835. Mr. Oakley was detailed to the Commissary Department in October 1863 at Enterprise, and Lauderdale County, Mississippi. He was paroled at Cintronelle, Alabama May 1865. Mr. Oakley died October 26, 1899. He was a member of the Masons.

Patton, William S. (Captain/Colonel)
Lot 32
Unit: 1st, Mississippi Infantry – State Troops – Army of 10,000 – formerly the 5th Mississippi Regiment Volunteers, Patton's Company (Mississippi Boys) – then 1st (Patton's) Mississippi Regiment Infantry, Company K – then, 37th Mississippi Infantry Volunteers, Company A, Field and Staff.

Mr. Patton was born on June 20, 1813. He married Miss Frances Ann Webb in 1834, their marriage bearing 11 children, 9 of which reach adulthood. His second marriage was to Miss Mary Duke. And together they had an additional 4 children. It was related that prior to the War, he operated a boarding house that Lauderdale Springs, Mississippi, and that during the War was used as a Confederate Hospital. This hospital was situated near the present location of the Lauderdale Springs Confederate Cemetery. In fact, Col. Patton was one of the landowners that made the cemetery possible. From December 2, 1852 until February 11, 1854, he served as postmaster at Lauderdale Springs. With the outbreak of the War, he enlisted on November 30, 1861, with some dispute over his proper rank. His records indicate that he was a Captain or a Major. He was in command of a regiment in Bowling Green, Kentucky during the winter of 1861, and commanded a garrison in Columbus, Mississippi in 1862. On July 4, 1863, he was among the soldiers captured with the surrender of Vicksburg. He signed the standard parole oh on July 4, 1863 enlisted his rank as Captain of Company A, and was among those troops exchanged in December 1863. It was noted that as of December 30, 1863, he was still protesting against being mustered in as a Captain, and not as a Lieutenant Colonel. The other reason for his discharge was that he had been elected to the Mississippi Senate in November 1863. For the next 4 years, and that, in his absence from home, it had been burned, along with most of his furniture and food supplies. His presence at his home was crucial to attend to the needs of his family. He was discharged from service on March 15, 1865. His son, William Patton, Junior died in the battle of Melvern Hill during the War.

In March 1867, it is documented that he was operating a hotel called the Patton House. Having served in both
houses of the state legislature, he was also regarded as a high Mason and a good Confederate officer who attended the needs of the veterans. It was not unusual for him to preside over veteran events and on one occasion he had Gen. Nathan Bedford Forrest come to Meridian to serve as the grand judge of an event. By August 1867, here withdrawn from the running of the Patton House and, at least by a May 1870, was looking after guest at the Rush House. In July 1870, he was appointed City Marshall, but by October 1870, Major Sturges attempted to remove him from office and he was succeeded by Marshal W. A. Payne a short while. By the time of the Meridian Ryan in 1871, he was again serving as the City Marshall. The man who shot the presiding judge at the trial, which caused the outbreak of the riot was killed by Marshall Patton. A letter reference to Mr. Patton indicated that he functioned as a notary public in the city. He departed this life on July 5, 1889. A Masonic book published that listed all Masons that had died that year, mentioned that he had served as a past Grand Master and past Grand Priest of the organization. A tribute indicated that he had closed a useful and honorable career as a citizen and a Mason.

See also Lauderdale County Archives Publication #369.

Perry, I.Q
Lot 408
Unit: Company A, 19th Mississippi Volunteers
Mr. Perry was born in 1831. Mr. Perry was buried by King’s Daughters as a confederate Veteran without a marker. The Rose Hill Cemetery records also indicates that he was a CSA veteran. He was married to Eliza Cole Bowen. His death occurred on June 30, 1907.

Phillips, George W. (Private)
Lot 383
Unit: Company G, Harris State Troops, 2nd Battalion Mississippi Calvary. [#236 - Company C, 2nd Mississippi Calvary]
Mr. Phillips was born to Calope and Jane Phillips on January 8, 1829 in New York City, New York. He enlisted in the Army on January 23, 1864, and received his parole May 4, 1865. His death came on March 13, 1899.
Phillips, John Richard, M.D. (#51- Captain)
Lot 146
Unit: Capt. E. L. Marshes Company, 40th Alabama Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Phillips was born in Richmond, Virginia on June 22, 1818. As a doctor, he cared for the sick and injured throughout the War until his discharge on May 4, 1865. His wife's first name was Josephine (her maiden name not known). During the 1878 Yellow Fever Epidemic he remained in Meridian to care for the ill. He died on August 8, 1901.

Pickel, Frank S.
Lot 406
Unit: Company D, 37th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Pickel was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on June 30, 1834. With the coming of the War, he enlisted in the Army on March 7, 1862 at Enterprise, Mississippi. He served as 1st Lieutenant. In January 1865 he was promoted to Captain. He died on December 24, 1908 as a result of pneumonia.

Pinkston, W.(William) A. (First Sergeant)
Lot 187
Unit: Company G, 37th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Pinkston was born in Smith County, Mississippi on February 5, 1840, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Pinkston. His mother's maiden name was Glover. When War came to the South, he enlisted in the Army on March 15, 1862 in Scott County, Mississippi as a 2nd Sergeant. In June 1864 he was promoted to 1st Sergeant. Pinkston was captured at the fall of Vicksburg in July 1863 and exchanged that same month. He was recaptured a 2nd time near Nashville, Tennessee on December 15, 1864. He married Miss Mary Elizabeth Lloyd on April 10, 1870. His son, John Pinkston, served as a City Councilman during World War II. He succumbed to old-age on December 27, 1916.
Poythress, James Speed
Lot 358
Unit: Company C, 2nd Alabama Calvary.
[FG - Parents are David Poythress and Mary Speed Dorsch Poythress ] [#51 father was Nathan Poythress of Virginia] Mr. Poythress was born on September 24, 1829. He enlisted in Eutaw, Alabama on April 22, 1862. He was detached on February 26, 1864 to ‘recruit horses’ at Madison Station, Mississippi. He died on March 17, 1923. He was married to Carrie Price Shephard.

Quarles, Benjamin Franklin (Orderly Sergeant)
Lot 243 [#51 says no marker]
Unit: Company D, Bugler of Company D, Perrin's Regiment, 5th Mississippi Calvary, and 11th Calvary (Perrin’s)
Mr. Quarles was born in Mississippi, the son of J. E. Quarles from Virginia and Miss Parker (Quarles) of Mississippi, on February 25, 1846. With the outbreak of the war, he enlisted in May 1863 in Winston County, Mississippi. However, in July 7 1864, he was captured in Floyd County, Georgia. Mr. Quarles was imprisoned at Camp Douglas until paroled on June 16, 1865. He was employed as a salesman in Meridian, Mississippi and was married to Mary Alice Rogers (1848-1924). His death occurred from the acute dilation of the heart on February 23, 1931.

Ragsdale, Lewis Andrew, Senior (Private)
Lot 100
Unit: Company C, State Troops, 5th Mississippi Infantry.
Mr. Ragsdale was born on November 20, 1819, and lived in Alabama prior to his move to Meridian, Mississippi in 1854. He purchased Mr. Richard McLemore’s land, including the land east of 27th Ave. in anticipation of the railroads intersecting in what was to become Meridian. This and his other large land holdings would be developed and sold in later years by his son L. A. Ragsdale, Jr., He and his wife, Sarah Ann McElroy Ragsdale, owned the three-story Ragsdale House near the train depot where they provided lodging and meals for travelers to the city. Meals were often served times to the arrival and departure of the trains. He constructed a covered walkway from the house to the depot which was quite fancy for that day. Lodging of that type could contain up to 100 rooms, albeit small rooms, all of which could and usually would be filled on any given day.
When the War engulfed the South, he enlisted in the Army on August 2, 1862 and served until the surrender on April 9, 1865.

After the War, he continued to be a prominent civic and business leader in Meridian. His name is strongly associated with the birth, growth and development of the city. If an idea or project was for the improvement of the city was proposed, he was always found to be a strong advocate. By 1867, he was the owner of the Meridian Manufacturing Company and in August of 1867 was building a new residence for his family. The year 1869 found him listed as one of the trustees for the Mississippi – Alabama General Insurance Company and 1870, as one of the trustees of the Meridian Male College. That same year found him breaking up the front of his hotel and donating land in the upper end of 5th Street to the border police as a site for a courthouse and jail. He served a number of times as a City Alderman beginning in December 1871, it is believed.

In 1881. Using the new 90 Morse Compress, he built a cotton compress and warehouse which he leased to a Mr. J. S. Solomon. Always active in the Meridian volunteer fire departments, he served as assistant chief a number of times. During his tenure, the first four firehouses were established in the city. His death came on December 10, 1886. One of the 3 beautiful death Angel monuments in the cemetery grace his family plot. See also Lauderdale County Archives Publication #369.

Ramsey, Ambrose Knox [FG- Private]

Lot 77

Unit: Company G & K, 2nd Mississippi State Cavalry

Mr. Ramsey was born in Chatham County, North Carolina on January 22, 1795. Prior to coming to America the Ramseys lived on the Isle of Man between Ireland and England. He was a member of one of the pioneer families of the Meridian area. His son was John Milton Ramsey, who is also a Confederate veteran buried in Rose Hill Cemetery. Although, at advanced age he, nevertheless, enlisted for service on May 5, 1864 at Tupelo, Mississippi. Ambrose was married to nancy Ann Graves Yancy around October 7, 1817. Together they had 10 children. He died in Meridian, Mississippi on November 30, 1885. {FG - POD Laurence County, Mississippi}
Ramsey, Edward T. (Private)
Lot 329
Unit: Company A, 5th Alabama Battalion Infantry.
Mr. Ramsey was the son of Ambrose Knox Ramsey and Nancy Graves Yancy Ramsey and was born in Alabama on February 7, 1841. He enlisted on April 7, 1861 in Sumter County, Alabama, and was discharged on July 22, 1862 at Gaines Mills, Virginia, after losing his right arm which had to be amputated at the shoulder. He was married to Sue Hogshead. He worked as a gardener after the War and was married, but was a widower at the time of his death from old age on April 25, 1912.

Ramsey, John Milton (Private)
Lot 77
Unit: Company A, 5th Battalion Louisiana Calvary.
Mr. Ramsey was born on April 4, 1827 in Chatom County, North Carolina, the son of Ambrose Knox Ramsey and Nancy Yancey. Ambrose is also a Confederate veteran buried in Rose Hill cemetery. He moved to Sumter County, Alabama, where he was a farmer before moving to Meridian, Mississippi. On July 7, 1854, he married Miss Ella Davidson Harwell in Sumterville, Alabama. With the advent of the War, he enlisted in the Army on April 7, 1861 and served until his discharge on April 9, 1865. After the War, he married Miss Mary Elizabeth Willingham Chadwick, who was from Sumter County, on April 6, 1871. In Meridian, Mississippi, he conducted business at the Chatfield and Ramsey Wholesale Furniture Company on Commerce Street. In 1884, he also served as sanitary officer for the city. His death came on May 17, 1891 in Meridian. His great granddaughter, Mrs. Reuben (Martha) Johnson, currently resides in the city.

Randell, Samuel J. (Johnston/Johnson) (Captain)
Lot 172
Unit: Company K, 13th Mississippi
Mr. Randell was born in 1816 in South Carolina to Theodore (1790-1851) and Sarah Dargan Johnson (1796-1870). He was married to Martha Fay Soux (1826-1902). Little information has been discovered on Mr. Randell, except that he was elected a City Alderman December 1871 and was interred in the cemetery on November 24, 1880.
Read, Charles William (Lieutenant)
Lot 217 – Confederate Mound.
Unit: Confederate States Navy.
JOHN PAUL JONES OF THE CONFEDERACY.

Mr. Read was born in Yazoo County, Mississippi, the son of William and Mary Louise Dodson Read, on May 12, 1840. Most of his boyhood was spent in and around Raymond, Edwards and Jackson, Mississippi. As a boy, he learned the trade of printing after school and during the summers. With a group of his young friends, he started a little paper called The Scraps of Young America, which, at times provoked its readers. He also was involved onstage with a group called The Thespian Society. During this time, he was all of 14 or 15 years of age.

Upon reaching the age of 16 years and 4 months, he received an appointment from Mississippi Congressman, the Hon. O. R. Singleton, to the United States Naval Academy in Annapolis, Maryland. He entered the Academy in 1856 and graduated in 1860 with 24 other young men. Thirty-seven young men in the class had failed to graduate with Read almost being one of this latter group. Mr. Read finished last overall in the class of 1860, with his best score being, interestingly, in the theory of naval gunnery in which he ranked 21 out of 25. Although, indeed, young at the time of entry in what was to be his graduating class at the Academy, nevertheless, there was one young man who at age 17 years was older, but 9 members of his classmates had been younger than 16 years of age. It is believed that he received his nickname of "Savey" at this time.

Following his graduation and appointment as a midshipman on June 15, 1860, he was assigned to the Steam Sloop Powhatan which was at Vera Cruz, Mexico when read learned of Succession. He tendered his resignation from the U.S. Navy on February 4, 1861. Upon his return, he reported to the Confederate secretary of the Navy who appointed him, and acting midshipman on April 13, 1861.

During 1861, his action involved assignment aboard the cruiser McRae on which he disbanded a mutiny on the ship. His first enemy fire was at Ship Island, Mississippi, after which he assisted in the blockade of the Potomac River to cut off enemy communications with Washington, DC. He and his ship mates then helped to route the Yankee fleet at Head Passes below New Orleans, Louisiana.

In 1862, he found himself in the action around new Madrid and Island Number 10 aboard the McRae. His skipper was killed in the battle of New Orleans and Read took command of the McRae, and later took the wounded Confederate sailors to New Orleans under a flag of truce. The C. S. S. Arkansas was being finished in the Yazoo County Shipyard and Read left the McRae and received an assignment aboard the new vessel. He scouted the Union fleet alone and was involved in the Arkansas's five brilliant actions during the first Vicksburg campaign. Following those battles, he took command of shore batteries at Port Hudson, Louisiana.

In 1863, Read was aboard the C. S. S. Raider Florida when it made a daring escape through the Union naval blockade at Mobile, Alabama. He assisted his commander in capturing 17 merchant ships. His next assignment was as commander of the new C. S. S. Raider Clarence.
on which he savaged shipping along the East Coast and captured 7 merchant ships. He then transferred his flag to the Falcon and burned to the Clarence, then continued up the East Coast with the Union fishing grounds off Cape Cod, Massachusetts, where he took 14 more prize ships. After overhauling the Yankee fishing, ship the Archer, the trick to Portland man to guide him into Portland Harbor. In Portland Harbor, his crew hijacked the U. S. S. Cutter Cabel Cushing and sailed her out of the harbor beneath the Union batteries. The deception was discovered and he was forced to fight, however he and his men were unable to open the ammunition stores on the captured ship. It is told that they loaded items found on deck and fired twice at the pursuing Yankees, and finally out of desperation, loaded a cannon with heads of cheese from the galley and fired at the Yankees. This last deed infuriated the Yankees and they bore down on the captured ship, forcing him to blow it up. He and his crew were later captured by civilian mob and Army soldiers, and for a time, the civilians wanted to lynch all of the Confederate sailors. Thus ended the most brilliant naval cruise of the War that resulted in millions of dollars of goods destroyed and the capture of 22 ships in 23 days. The Union tied up 47 armed ships in tracking down Reid and his 20 sailors, who began this daring adventure with only one small gun and 5 logs painted to resemble cannons. Read was imprisoned at Fort Warren, Massachusetts.

During 1864, he escaped but he was recaptured only two days later after being exchanged. He finished 1864 as a scout and torpedo boat commander during the James River offensive.

The final year of the War, 1865, found Read commanding two daring overland expeditions, the last to Louisiana under orders of the Secretary of the Navy. At Shreveport, Louisiana he took command of the C.S.S. William Webb and attempted to run the 300 mile Union naval blockade from Shreveport, Louisiana to the Gulf Coast. He was forced to beach and fire the Webb south of New Orleans when it was realized that the U. S. S. Richmond blocked his passage. On April 24, 1865 he and his crew tried to escape ashore in the swamps. When it became obvious that they were going to be captured, he intentionally surrendered to the Navy rather than the Army, hoping for more favorable treatment. The naval officer in command was Adm. Schley who knew Read at the Academy. When Read offered his sword in surrender, the admiral said "Hell Read, put your sword and come to breakfast." Once again, he found himself confined in Fort Warren, Massachusetts. He was paroled in July 1865.

After the War, his life was no less daring. He became a merchant seaman and engaged in smuggling in the Caribbean during 1866. A warship was smuggled out of New York Harbor and he delivered it to the government of Colombia. He then retook the ship and delivered it to the revolutionary forces of Colombia, and then quickly escaped to Honduras.

In 1867, he married Miss Rosa Hall of Raymond, Mississippi, but tragically, she died at a young age. From 1868 through the 1880s he operated a merchant ship and became a harbor master at New Orleans, Louisiana. He was elected to the board of harbor master’s in New Orleans, Louisiana during this period. Fol-
Following the death of Rosa Read, he married Miss Nebraska Carter, who lived in Meridian and they moved to New Orleans where their home was maintained until his death. Read died on January 25, 1890 in Meridian, Mississippi while visiting a physician friend for a medical consultation. His death is thought to be due to Bright’s Disease. He was but 49 years of age, but live many lifetimes of adventure.

See also Lauderdale County Archives Publication #369.

Redwood, George E., M.D.
Lot 199
Unit: 19th Alabama Infantry; F&S - Assit. Surgeon
Dr. Redwood has a confederate marker at his grave-side. Dr. Redwood was one of the 1st doctors to join the Mississippi Medical Association, joining in 1868. In the year 1869, an announcement noted that he was from Mobile, Alabama and had located his practice over the store of J. C. Lloyd on Front Street. On April 20, 1870 he was selected as a vestryman for the Episcopal Church of the Mediator. He remained in the city to care for victims of Yellow Fever in 1878. His death came in 1912.

Rhodes, James A. (Private)
Lot 43
Unit: Company A, 24th Mississippi Calvary.
Mr. Rhodes was born the son of Y. S. and Catherine Ritch Rhodes, both from the state of Alabama on July 8, 1842 in Choctaw County, Alabama. He enlisted in the Army on March 9, 1864 in Choctaw County, Alabama and served until paroled on May 4, 1865 in Gainesville, Alabama. He worked in Meridian, Mississippi in real estate and a mention was made that he lived in a house valued at $2060, compared to the less than $500 houses the other veterans owned suggesting that he had prospered. He was a member of the Woodmen of the World. Heart trouble claimed his life on August 1, 1922.
Scarborough, Asa J. (Private) (#236 - Ensign)
Lot 126
Unit: Company G, 36th Mississippi

Mr. Scarborough was born on April 25, 1834 near what was to become Meridian, Mississippi. With the outbreak of the war, he enlisted in the Army on May 1, 1862 and served until April 26, 1865. On December 20, 1863 he was captured at Port Hudson and exchanged. On January 1, 1864 he was appointed as the Color Bearer. On May 6, 1864 he was appointed Ensign & 1st Lieutenant. He was wounded at Altoona, Georgia on October 5, 1864 and received Medical Leave October 11, 1864. He was again captured this time at Fort Blakeley, Alabama, ending the war at Ship Island. On June 1, 1882, he wed Miss E. J. Higland (#51 - Highland). His death came on January 24, 1883.

Schlevoigt, Louis (Private)
Lot 39 - No Stone here, there is a stone marking the family plot
Unit: Quartermaster and Hospital Services Department. [#51 - Company E, 2nd Battalion Alabama Light Artillery]

Mr. Schlevoigt was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi [#51 POB Hanover, Germany] on February 23, 1829. [FG has 2 possible birthdates - February 23, 1829 or March 9, 1844]. Mr. Schlevoigt was mustered in at Mobile, Alabama on October 10, 1861. In 1862 he was in the hospital, and was Medically Discharged on June 10, 1862. He died on June 25, 1881. (FG has 2 possible DODs - June 26, 1881 and August 25, 1881)

Shackelford, James F. (Private)
Lot 141
Unit: Berry’s Battalion – Mississippi Infantry

Mr. Shackelford was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on September 12, 1846, the son of Richard and Mollie Clinton Shackelford. He enlisted in the service on April 20, 1864 and served until May 4, 1865. Following the War, he married Miss Marguerite Stroud and Worked As a Planter. He Passed Away on November 17, 1919.
Shackelford, Lee Newman, M.D. (Surgeon)
Lot 172
Unit: Surgeon, Confederate Hospitals, 37th Mississippi Regiment.
Dr. Shackelford Was Born in Perry County, Alabama on December 15, 1834. His parents were Robert and Amelia Ann Harper Shackelford. He received his education at the University of Louisiana in New Orleans in 1858 and graduated from Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia as a Physician. Following graduation, he returned to Meridian, Mississippi to practice, and when the War came, he volunteered on March 8, 1862 as a private in the 37th Mississippi Regiment under the command of Col. R. McLean, but was quickly promoted to the rank of field surgeon. He served until May 9, 1865, and then returned to Meridian to practice medicine. He located his office in the Reid and Lewis Drugstore. Miss Virginia Newman became his bride. In 1868, he became a founding member of the Mississippi State Medical Association. He was said to have practiced medicine with distinguished ability and success. His death came prematurely on May 19, 1878, from an old wound. Another source suggests that he was a victim of the yellow fever epidemic, however, the epidemic didn't begin until about October of that year. An obelisk stands as a marker for his grave and is engraved with "Erected by His Lady Friends."
See also Lauderdale County Archives Publication #369.

Sharp, Henry A. (Sergeant)
Lot 385
Unit: Company C, Lauderdale Springs Grays, 5th Mississippi Regiment infantry – Company I, 5th Mississippi Calvary
Henry Sharp was born on November 17, 1842 in Lauderdale County, Mississippi. He enlisted on August 6, 1861 in Lauderdale Springs, Mississippi, in Company C, and reenlisted on March 4, 1862 in Company I. He was involved in many battles during the War, with his last battle occurring during General Hood's Nashville campaign in the winter of 1864. He apparently became part of General Forrest's and Gen. Walthall's famous rearguard action during the retreat after the battles of Franklin and it Nashville, Tennessee as the Army of Tennessee retreated toward Alabama, he was wounded in the thigh and captured on December 25, 1864 at Paluski, Tennessee. A bleak Christmas, indeed, for Sgt. Sharp. He was paroled from Camp Chase, Ohio on May 2, 1865 and discharged from service on May 4, 1865. He lived in Meridian, Mississippi until his death from heart trouble on August 16, 1917. Mr. Roy Hurst, of Meridian, a Meridian of the W. D. Cameron camp #1221, is a descendent of Sgt. Sharp.
Shedd, George P. (Private) (#236 - musician)
Lot 191
Unit: Company K, 13th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Shedd was born at Marion Station, Mississippi on April 1, 1836. When the War came, he enlisted on March 19, 1861 at Marion Staton and detailed as a Musician. On November 13 he was promoted to Sergeant. On May 6, 1862 Mr. Shedd was in the hospital at Danville. On July 31, 1863 he was in Wayside Hospital in Richmond, Virginia.
After the War he moved to Meridian, Mississippi, he became its first City Marshall on July 18, 1867. During his first year as Marshall, two black men had an altercation in town. The fight was stopped and each was instructed to report to the Court the next day for sentencing or to receive a fine. One reported to Court, but the other refused and sent word that he would not submit to the authorities and threatened to hurt anyone to try to make him. Mr. Shedd and several deputies went to his house and found him sitting in the doorway with an old rifle across his lap. They urged him to come with them peacefully and be fined, but he raised a gun and pointed it at Marshall's Shedd, who promptly shot him through the heart, causing his instant death. A black man named Compton, who incidentally, would later be the black man on trial during the Meridian riot of 1871, went to the Mayor threatening to riot. The scalawag Mayor defended Marshall Shedd, and managed to defuse the tense racial confrontation only to have an erupted later. Mr. Shedd was also a local auctioneer and owned and operated one of the finest saloons in Meridian, which reportedly served only the finest liquors. [FG - Spouse Sallie McLean Shedd (1850-1920)] On November 11, 1875, he married Miss J. M. Duck. His death came on February 16, 1895. (His brother Gustave was also a Musician serving in the 13th Regiment.)

Sheely, Nathaniel Joseph (#51 - Private)
Lot 60
Unit: Company B, 1st Mississippi Reserves.
Mr. Sheeley was born in Choctaw County, Alabama on June 3, 1844, the son of Andrew and Elizabeth Strange Sheely. His father was from Alabama and his mother from Virginia. He enlisted in the Army in April 1863 in Jasper County, Mississippi and was discharged in 1865 in Scooba, Mississippi. After the War, he was highly esteemed and served as Chancery clerk of Jasper County for 18 years. He came to Meridian about 1895 and worked as a music salesman late in life. He was married to Agnes Susanna Lightsey (1852-1917). He died on April 10, 1920 after a 9 day bout with pneumonia. He was a member of the Walthall Camp of Confederate Veterans in Meridian. He was survived by 5 children, 3 daughters and 2 sons.
Simmons, E. W. (Private)
Lot 237
Unit: Company A, 33rd Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Simmons was born in Neshoba County, Mississippi on June 24, 1821. He enlisted in the service on March 3, 1862 and was discharged at the time of the general surrender on April 26, 1865. He was married to Miss Mary J. (maiden name not known). His death came on December 17, 1871.

There is no marker at Mr. Simmons' grave.

Skinner, Calvin J. (Private)
Lot Confederate Memorial Section
Unit: Company G, 13th Mississippi Infantry
Mr. Skinner was born in 1830 and died May 22, 1862.

Smith, A.H., M.D. (Private)
Lot 31
Unit: Company C, 40th Georgia Cavalry (#236 - 46th Georgia Cavalry)
Dr. Smith was born in Charlotte County, Virginia, the son of John and Elizabeth Elam Smith from Virginia, on March 16, 1815. At the age of 14 years, his father, John enlisted in the cause of American Independence and fought as a soldier from the Old Dominion in the Army of the Revolution. John is buried in Tennessee.

Dr. Smith was reared on a farm in Wilson County, Tennessee. He began the study of medicine at the age of 18 years and graduated in 1837 from the Transylvania University in Lexington, Kentucky with a medical degree. When War began, he enlisted on September 12, 1861 and served throughout the War until discharged on May 4, 1865. After hostilities ended, he located his practice in Sumterville, Alabama until 1868 when he moved to Meridian, Mississippi. In 1868, he joined the Mississippi State medical Association as one of its founding members. In 1869, he was noted to be a trustee or director of both the Meridian Savings Bank and the newly formed, Mississippi and Alabama General Insurance Association. In 1870, he was elected to the Mississippi state legislature, but within 6 weeks, the radicals had driven him out of office. He had a prosperous medical
practice in Meridian until his retirement. In 1987, he suffered a stroke which paralyzed the right side of his body. I left him unable to walk. He had two marriages, the first to Miss Louisa Davidson, which bore him three children; one of which was Emma Louise who married John McInnis; and the second to Miss Jane E. Moore, which was childless. Dr. Smith died on June 7, 1895.

Smith, Benjamin B. (Captain)
Lot 169
Unit: Company C, 5th Mississippi Infantry.
Mr. Smith was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on August 20, 1816. With the arrival of the War, he enlisted on August 6, 1861 in Lauderdale, Mississippi and served until the general surrender on April 9, 1865. Mr. Smith was wounded at the Battle of Shiloh. He was mustered out in Lauderdale, Mississippi. He married Miss Elizabeth M. (maiden name not known) [FG - Eliza Perryman Smith (1829-1926)]. His death came as the result of heart trouble on June 14, 1882. His next of kin was listed as a Mr. Houston living at 5th Street and 49th Ave.

Smith, Henry Clay (Private)
Lot 375
Unit: Company I, 37th Mississippi Regiment Infantry – Commissary Department.
Mr. Smith was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on October 10, 1842, the son of Louis and Mary Parker Smith of Kentucky and North Carolina, respectively. He enlisted in the Army on May 6, 1861 and served until April 9, 1865. He married Miss Frances B. (maiden name not known) and attended the Methodist Church. He worked as a merchant. He died as a result of heart trouble on March 1, 1917.

Smith, J. C. F. (Private)
Lot 110
Unit: Company F, 13th Mississippi Regiment Infantry
Mr. Smith was born on January 14, 1843 in Lauderdale County, Mississippi. He enlisted in the Army on March 30, 1861 and served until the general surrender on April 9, 1865 being paroled from Appomattox, Virginia. A report in July 1883 listed him as a volunteer fireman and serving as a mechanic for fire Company number 1. His death came on August 6, 1892.
Smith, Joshua (Private)
Lot 86
Unit: Company E, 8th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Smith was born on February 8, 1836 in Lauderdale County, Mississippi, he enlisted to serve in the Army on April 9, 1862, and was paroled on May 1, 1865 from Greensboro, North Carolina. After the War, he was one of the Commissioners that selected the site for the Courthouse, and eventually, funding and directing the new building. He also would serve as the Chancery Clerk, City Treasurer and Postmaster. He was also employed as an IRS Tax Collector for the US Government. He died from a heart attack on July 7, 1904.

Smith, W. (Wilburn) P. (Private)
Lot 86
Unit: Company K, 13th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Smith was born on December 4, 1840. He enlisted in the Army in 1861. Mr. Smith was left with wounds at the Battle of Gettysburg and served as a special nurse. He was then sent on to Fort McHenry, Point Lookout P.O.W. Camp. He was released from hammon Army Hospital on June 30, 1865. His records state that he was 5'6" had brown hair and blue eyes. He passed away on April 19, 1882.

Spinks, Enoch Ephriam, DDS (Second Lieutenant)
Lot 172
Unit: Company A, 35th Mississippi Regiment Infantry. [FG - 35th Mississippi Volunteers]
Dr. Spinks was born in Kemper County, Mississippi, on October 7, 1835, the son of John and Margaret Kelly Spinks from North Carolina and Kentucky, respectfully. The family came to Mississippi in 1833 and he was educated in the local schools in Kemper County. His father was one of the pioneer farmers in Kemper County. Dr. Spinks married Miss Belle in 1858 and they had one daughter named Maggie. On March 6, 1862, he enlisted in the Army, was among those troops captured at Vicksburg, but he was soon paroled and continue to serve and to being badly wounded at the battle of Franklin, Tennessee after which he was unfit for duty. The gunshot wound was so severe that he almost died, and lived only as a result of careful, intense attention and only after a long illness was he restored to health. His
comrades are served with him, and loved him, place him among the bravest of the brave. His final discharge came on May 4, 1865. During the coming years, he would face the difficulties that Reconstruction placed on his people with the same courage that he displayed in the War. After the War, he came to Meridian in 1871 and practice dentistry, in which profession, he was widely known as a skillful surgeon and for many years have possessed only the latest dental equipment in the country. He also owned the Meridian Dental Depot that sold all types of dental products and supplies. Being very active in civic affairs, he held positions as member of the Board of Trustees for the Meridian Public Schools for 12 years, as a City Councilman for 8 years and as a mayor from 1901 – 1903. In addition, he was a treasure of the Mechanics Aid Building and Loan. He wed a second time to Miss Valeria Garner on September 1873 and they had 7 children.

Dr. and Mrs. Spinks held a memorial service in their home on September 1, 1909 honoring the memory of Margaret Howell Jefferson Davis Hayes, who had recently died in Colorado Springs, Colorado. Mrs. Hayes was the oldest daughter of Pres. Jefferson Davis. Dr. Spinks departed this life on August 21, 1911 after a protracted illness and heart trouble.

A brother, J. C. Spinks, was a prominent, practicing medical doctor in Shubuta and Clarke County, Mississippi. A son, Henry I. Spinks, was associated with the government having worked for the post office for many years.

Steele, S. A. D. (Captain)
Lot 454
Unit: Company F, 11th (Perrin’s) Mississippi Calvalry
Mr. Steele was born in 1821. He was elected to the position of Captain on October 15, 1863. At the general surrender Captain Steele was in Meridian and at this time was paroled on May 16, 1865. Captain Steele died in 1900.

Stevens, P. (Patrick) J., Senior (Private)
Lot 254
Unit: Company B, 32nd Alabama Regiment Infantry. (#51 - Company A)
Mr. Stevens was born in Alabama on March 8, 1844. He enlisted on March 9, 1862 and served until the surrender on April 26, 1865. His death occurred on September 12, 1908.

There is no marker at Mr. Stevens’ grave.

Stone, Thomas Beasley, Sr. (Colonel)
Lot 111
Unit: CSA - no other information
Mr. Stone was born on January 1, 1840. His Father was T. B. Stone. He died June 7, 1925.
Stone, William Mortimer, Sr.  (Cololnel written on Stone)
Lot 111
Unit: Jeff Davis legion Mississippi Calvary
Mr. Stone was born on April 22, 1829 in Petersburg, Virginia. He was married to Dorthy Ann Houston. He worked as an attorney. He died on December 6, 1917.

Stroud, Thomas Jefferson
Lot 141
Unit: Company C, 41st Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Stroud was born on November 24, 1842 to George W. and Edna Clarke Stroud from Tennessee and South Carolina, respectfully. With the coming of the War, he enlisted in the Army during the spring of 1862 at Marion Station, Mississippi. Mr. Stroud was wounded at Missionary Ridge on November 25, 1863. He served until discharged in 1865. He was married to Nancy Ann Stroud. His death came on January 23, 1932.

Sumrall, J. J. (Corporal)
Lot 171
Unit: Smith Turner's battery, Mississippi Light Artillery.
Mr. Sumrall was born on March 9, 1842 in Clarke County, Mississippi. When the War came, he enlisted in the Army on April 17, 1861 in Clarke County and served until the surrender on April 26, 1965. For about 2 or 3 days before the surrender, he had been detailed for duty in Quitman, Mississippi. Veterans who served with Mr. Sumrall stated that he made a faithful soldier. His discharge came in Meridian, Mississippi.

After the War, he married and worked as a carpenter in the city. On July 20, 1907, he applied for veteran’s pension was which was granted on September 2, 1907. At the time of his pension, he owned his home valued at $375 and had 2 brothers living. His death came on December 16, 1910.

Taylor, John Thomas (Private)
Lot 67
Unit: Company B and/or G (Gulf Coast Guards), 3rd Alabama Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Taylor was born in Sumter County, Alabama on September 13, 1843, the son of Frances Nelson and Henrietta Bright Taylor. He was reared in Mobile, Alabama, where he received his education. With the coming of the war, he enlisted in the Army on May 24, 1861 at Mobile, Alabama and remained with his unit until about October 1864, when he
was detailed to Gen. Winder’s headquarters in Richmond, Virginia. In March 1865 he was detached to the Transport Clerk office in Meridian, Mississippi on a disability certificate. In 1866, he arrived in Meridian, Mississippi. As an agent for the Alabama and Vicksburg Railroad and made the city his home for the remainder of his life. He married Miss Anna Augusta Randall of Mobile, Alabama on July 10, 1866. The marriage bore 4 children.

When Mayor W. W. Shearer died in office on May 27, 1878, Mr. Taylor filled his unexpired term. He was elected to the mayor’s position in December 1878 and again December 1880, but unfortunately, he died in office on April 23, 1882. During his terms, Meridian increased its importance as a cotton broker and shipping center. See also Lauderdale County Archives Publication #369.

Terry, Thomas J. (Jefferson) (1st Lieutenant)
Lot 175
Unit: Company B, 36th Mississippi Regiment Infantry. [#236 - Company C, 41st Mississippi]
Mr. Terry was born in Copiah [FG - Kemper] County, Mississippi on November 6, 1833. He enlisted in the Army on April 12, 1862 and served until May 1, 1865. He married Miss Mary Eugene Barfield. He died on October 1, 1878.

Thomas, Waid R., Jr.
Lot 246
Unit: 31st Alabama Regiment Infantry. [#51 - Company H]
Mr. Thomas was born June 20, 1842 and passed away on April 19, 1872.
Thompson, John Astor (Private)
Lot 72
Unit: Jeff Davis Calvary, Artillery (Selma, Alabama) [#236 - Jefferson Davis legion - Mississippi Calvary] [#51 - Light Artillery]
Mr. Thompson was born in Gainesville, Georgia on September 2, 1838. When the War began, he enlisted in the Army on March 25, 1861 in Choctaw, Alabama and served until the surrender on April 9, 1865 at Appomattox Courthouse, Virginia. He married, but was a widower at the time of his death. He worked on the railroad as a watchman. His death came on February 8, 1910 due to heart trouble.

Thompson, Martin J., M.D. (Private)
Lot 151
Unit: Company D, 14th Mississippi Regiment Infantry – Adam’s Brigade – Army of Tennessee. [#236 - Company E, 14th Consolidated Mississippi]
Dr. Thompson was born in Choctaw County, Alabama, on October 15, 1845, the son of William H. and Alice Rosser Thompson who came from Georgia and Alabama, respectfully. In 1847, the family moved to Clarke County, Mississippi, to farm, and it was here that he was reared and received a private education. Later, the family relocated to Newton County, Mississippi. He was the 4th of 5 sons. At the age of 16 years, he enlisted in the Army in March 1861 at Enterprise, Mississippi and served until paroled on May 11, 1865 at Salisbury, North Carolina. Following the War, in 1866 he began his medical education, graduating in 1872 from the Medical College of Mobile, Alabama. Postgraduate courses were taken at the New York Polyclinic. He established his practice in Lauderdale County, Mississippi, and by 1880, he had established in Meridian, a private infirmary for surgery and diseases of women. The infirmary was well equipped and would accommodate 15 confined patients. As a member of the firm Thompson, Hyer and Partin, his services were sought throughout the state in many critical cases, especially if surgical operation was required. He was active in the organizations of his profession serving as vice president of the Mississippi State Medical Association, president of the Lauderdale County Medical Society and serving on the Board of Health for Meridian. He married Miss Augusta Stennis of Lauderdale County, Mississippi on September 15, 1875. The marriage produced 7 children. He was held in high esteem by his fellow physicians and members of the public and was active as a Mason, Knights of Pythias, the blue Lodge, the Commandery, the York Rite, the Shriners, and was a faithful member of the Methodist Episcopal Church since his childhood. He departed this life on December 5, 1910 due to heart trouble.
Thompson, William White (Private)  
Lot 72  
Unit: Company B, 1st Alabama Artillery.  
Mr. Thompson was born in Gainesville, [FG - Sumter County] Alabama on October 3, 1828. His father was Gastone Thompson. He enlisted in the Army on April 1, 1864 in demopolis, Alabama. He was captured at Fort Gaines, Alabama and sent to Ship Island and exchanged on January 4, 1865. Mr. Thompson was paroled at Citronelle, Alabama in May 9, 1865. He was married to Mary A. Thompson (1842-1887). He passed away on November 21, 1914 from kidney disease.

Van Norman, Antoine Lattamore (Private)  
Lot 369  
Unit: Company E, 22nd Mississippi Regiment Infantry.  
Mr. Van Norman was born on June 12, 1838 in Amite County, Mississippi [#51 - POB Louisiana] at the advent of the War, he enlisted in the Army on April 29, 1861 and served until his parol on May 11, 1865 in Meridian, Mississippi. He married Miss Birdie Thompson. He served as a City Councilman in 1880 and perhaps at other times as well. His death came on February 7, 1917, from pneumonia. [#51 - COD organic heart lesions]

Wagner, A. (Augustus) B. (Private) [#236 Musician]  
Lot 132  
Unit: Company K, 13th Mississippi Regiment Infantry. [#236 - Company I, 13th Mississippi]  
Mr. Wagner was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on March 8, 1833. At the beginning of the War, he enlisted in the Army on March 30, 1861 and was discharged on April 9, 1865 following the general surrender. Following the War, in 1867 he was engaged in the furniture, casket making, and undertaking business July 26 Avenue in Meridian. On January 7, 1869, he married Miss Mary F. Clarke. His first marriage had been to a Mary A. (maiden name not found). As a member of the Masons that found in rose Hill cemetery in 1874, he was appointed a committee of one in August of that year to assess the selling price for each lot within the cemetery. His report indicated that he valued whole plots, not individual graves, from $18-$50. In fact, a parcel of the land, incorporating the cemetery was purchased from Mr. Wagner. He served as a City Councilman, at a minimum, in 1880. By 1883, he was President and Captain of a volunteer fire department that protected the city. He was widely known as a pioneer citizen, having come here when Meridian was only a small, struggling row of houses. He had greatly assisted the building of the city after the War and was progressive and all business or civic matters that aided its growth. Many com-
mented that he was an exemplary citizen, genial, a warm friend, a charitable Christian and a role model for the young people to follow. As an active and influential member of the Masonic order, the Knights of Pythias, the Masons Benevolent Societies and the Oddfellows Grandmaster, he contributed much to his community and state.

He departed this life from pneumonia on September 3, 1910. At the time of his death, he was the oldest living Oddfellow in the South. His final services were held in his home and conducted by his pastor from Central Methodist Church, Dr. W. H. La Prade.

Walker, Joel P. (Petyon) (Lieutenant and Captain)
Lot 76
Unit: Company F, 13th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.
Mr. Walker was born in Lauderdale County, Mississippi on October 3, 1840. His parents were John R. and Martha A. Felton Walker from North Carolina. His father had been a member of the North Carolina legislature and his ancestors played a prominent role in the Revolutionary war. The family in 1836 bought land near Lauderdale Springs, Mississippi and were noted to be kind to their large number of slaves. Joel was born the eldest of 6 sons and 6 daughters. He was reared on the family farm and educated in the public schools of the area. He entered Chapel Hill College in 1858, and was still a student there. When the confederacies for Sumner and South Carolina.

He quickly returned home and enlisted in the Lauderdale County Zouaves as a Private, but at Leesburg, he was promoted to Lieutenant and was later commissioned as a Captain by Col. Barksdale. Thereafter, he joined the 2nd Mississippi Calvary and was elected 2nd Lieut. He was captured by Union troops at Oxford, Mississippi and was taken to Alton, Illinois the end to Chase near Baltimore, Maryland. After 4 months, he was exchanged Petersburg and rejoined his regiment at Spring Hill, Tennessee, under the command of Generals Armstrong and Forrest. He remained under their command until the War’s end. He was discharged as of the general surrender on April 9, 1865.

After the War, he returned to Lauderdale County, where he was elected to the 1st legislature convened after the War. He served for 3 sessions and was the 2nd youngest member in that body. In September 1867, he attended a meeting at the colored Methodist Church to discuss with the Freedman Society, the foundation of an institution of learning for members of their race. His position was that all could work together in the promotion of education. He reported at the meeting that colored people now have right sense just 3 months before, that the legislature had abolished all discriminatory laws. He felt that prejudices would be going away and assured them that they occupy the same position in the courts as did white men. Both groups favored working together for the common cause of education.

Thereafter, he chose to study the lot and was eventually appointed district attorney by government Alcorn and was highly praiseworthy integrity and quality of his work. In December 1870, he was appointed by Gen. Stafford, the military governor, as a Lieutenant Colonel for Lauderdale County. He practiced with W. G. Grace, and on another occasion, with a Mr. Hall. His law partnership stood well before the bar and prospered. He represented the Meridian National Bank. He did not seek public office again until 1883, when he was elected to the Mississippi Senate,
eventually serving 8 years. He preferred to exert his influence and state and local politics and devoted little time to other local public affairs, except the Masons.

Mr. Walker was twice married, first to Miss Mary {FG - Mollie} Johnson in 1867, who lived only 11 months after the marriage, but the marriage bore one daughter and a second, to Miss Sallie Reynolds on April 4, 1871, who bore 3 sons and 2 daughters. He was a member of the Episcopal Church. He departed this life on January 3, 1898 from heart trouble.

Walkley, Early
Lot 63 - #51 says no marker
Unit: Company B, 8th Alabama
Died April 20, 1913.

There is no marker at Mr. Walkley’s grave.

Warren, Abel Green (Private)
Lot 35
Unit: Company G, 9th Regiment, Mississippi Calvary. {#236 - Company B, 9th Mississippi Calvary}
Mr. Warren was born in Paulding, Mississippi on March 12, 1839 {FG - DOB July 3, 1845}. He enlisted on March 16, 1863 and served until discharge May 11, 1865. He married Miss Jane Warren, and lived with her in New Orleans, Louisiana. He was killed in a political strike or the ‘Marion Riot’ in Marion, Mississippi on November 8, 1881.

Warner, W. A.
Lot 155
Unit: Company C, 40th Alabama Regiment Infantry.

Mr. Warner was a P.O.W. at Point Lookout, Maryland, and was released on June 30, 1865. Mr. Warner has a Confederate marker at his graveside.
Watkins, Edmond  
Lot 139  
Unit: 36th Mississippi Regiment Infantry
Mr. Watkins was born on May 11, 1849. Records show that Mr. Watkins was captured at Fort Blakeley and sent to Ship Island, and paroled from Vicksburg on May 1, 1865. After the War he practiced law in Meridian, Mississippi. On October 5, 1875, he married Miss Ida (Ildaletta) (1856-1919) C. Dial. His death came on March 20, 1920.

Watts, James (Captain)  
Lot 29  
Unit: Company G, 10th Mississippi Regiment Infantry in Moore’s Brigade
Capt. Watts was born the son of John and Elizabeth Chapman Watts in Wayne County, Mississippi on May 1, 1829. John, his father, was from North Carolina and a prominent citizen of Wayne County, Mississippi serving as the district attorney for a number of years, as the circuit judge for 25 years and as a State Sen. for some time. He was a close personal friend of Judge Sharkey. In addition, he was a preacher in the Methodist Episcopal Church and was in full commission to that church at the time of his death in Newton County, Mississippi in 1875. Elizabeth Watts, James's mother, was from South Carolina, but had come to Mississippi when 6 years old with her parents. Capt. Watts's parents were married in Wayne County, Mississippi in 1826 and the union would produce 10 children. James was the 3rd child to be born in the family.

The captain spent his early life in Jasper County, Mississippi, and was educated at Paulding Academy until he left school to study law in 1846. Four years later in 1850, he was admitted to the Mississippi Bar and began his practice in DeKalb, Mississippi, and by 1856 – 58, he was considered one of the best lawyers in Meridian. On February 2, 1851, he married Miss Eleanor Bell, a daughter of Dr. Samuel Bell, of Kemper County, Mississippi. Miss Bell's mother was from England and Eleanor was born in North Carolina in 1832. The marriage bore 4 sons and 6 daughters. He was faithful to the Methodist Episcopal Church and was a faithful member of the I. O. O. F., since the age of 21 years, and was a 32nd degree in the AF & AM fraternity. He was a 33rd Degree Mason.

At the outbreak of the War, he enlisted on March 7, 1861. In 1962, he organize Company A of the 35th Mississippi Regiment infantry, which was commanded by William S. Berry of Moore's Brigade, Maury's Division, Price's Command, Army of the West. One of the most important battles that his unit participated in was the battle of Corinth, Mississippi, after which he was forced to resign due to ill health.
Following the War, he continued a prosperous law practice in Meridian and was engaged as an investor in other business ventures, as well. His death came on May 24, 1902.

Watts, Samuel B. (Captain)
Lot 212
Unit: Company G, 10th Mississippi Regiment Infantry
Mr. Watts was born the son of Samuel Boykin and Mary A. Mayers Watts, both from Garlandsville, Newton County, Mississippi on April 13, 1843. His father was a pioneer merchant and farmer until his death in 1843. He received his education in the schools of Garlandsville and branding, Mississippi. When the War came, he enlisted at the age of 18 in the Army on March 24, 1861 and served until the general surrender on April 9, 1865. He entered the great struggle as a Private and rose to the rank of Captain. He fought in the battles at Shiloh, Murfreesburg, Mumfordsville, Resaca, Jonesboro, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge and Franklin. At the terrible slaughter at Franklin, he was taken prisoner and surrendered his sword to Capt. Knapp of Marketing, Ohio. He was confined at Johnson's Island, Ohio until the end of the War. Interestingly, some 22 years later when revisiting the area, the late Capt. Knapp's daughter learned of his visit and returned his surrendered sword from Franklin to him, thus completing the cycle.

Following the War, he was educated in the law, admitted to the Mississippi Bar in branding, Mississippi, came to Meridian in 1867 and practice that profession with great success. He was married to Miss Kate McLaurin of Rankin County, Mississippi in 1868 in the marriage bore 5 children. He held an elected position on the Meridian city Council in 1870 and that same year was appointed 2nd Lieut. of the Mississippi Volunteer Guards, a part of the State Militia. For 15 years, he served as the United States Commissioner and was elected to the Mississippi Senate in 1892 and the House of Representatives in 1903. He was very active in the local affairs of Meridian serving many years as the president of the Trustees of the East Mississippi Female College, which he was most influential in founding, and as president of the Trustees of the State Insane Asylum in Meridian.

He also held membership in the Democratic Party, the Methodist Episcopal Church, the Oddfellows, the Supreme Lodge and the I.O.O.F. of the Knights of Pythias.

Mr. Watts departed this life on January 8, 1931, from old age.

White, Benjamin V. (Private)
Lot 26
Unit: 1st Mississippi Light Artillery, Turner’s Mississippi Battery, Maney’s Brigade, Hardee’s Corps, Army of Tennessee [#51 - Company C]
Mr. White was born on March 12, 1848 at Dayton in Marengo County, Alabama, the son of William A. D. and Poceny E. Henry White. His father came from Kentucky and his mother, a daughter of William F. Henry, was from Alabama. When still a child. His parents moved from Alabama and located in Clarke
County, Mississippi, where he was reared and received his early education. When the War erupted, he joined the Army at the age of 16 years in June 1864. His major involvement in the war was under the command of Gen. Hood in the ill-fated Nashville campaign. After retreating from Tennessee, he was involved in the action at Decatur, Georgia, and in the defense of Mobile, Alabama. He made a final surrender at Meridian, Mississippi in May 1865 after the fall of Mobile and the surrender of Gen.'s Lee and Johnson. His parole was given on May 10, 1865. It was written that even though a “boy soldier” that he served with honor and was held in high esteem by his comrades. After the War, he settled in Meridian, and remained there until his death.

He was very active in the Walthall Camp #25 of the United Confederate Veterans in Meridian and at the reunion in 1899 he was elected as the Commander of the Second Brigade of the Mississippi Division. In 1871, he married Miss Anna Richter and their union produced four daughters.

Very soon after settling in Meridian, he became identified with the business and civic affairs of the city and remained involved in both until his death. Offices that he was elected to included: City Treasurer 1880 – 1889, Deputy Chancery Clerk 1884 – 1888 and Chancery Clerk for a number of years beginning in 1891. He was involved in the Insurance Business from 1888 – 1891. In 1903, he entered the banking business and was vice president of the Union Bank and Trust Company which merged with the Meridian National Bank. He was elected president of the Southern Bank in January 1907 and continued to work as a banker until 1912. He served as the head of the Confederate pension board locally, and personally, did all that he could do for his old comrades to expedite the awarding of pensions.

Throughout the 1880 he held the top positions in York and Scottish Rites and was honored with the office of Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi in 1900. From 1905 – 1918, he served in the position of Grand Treasurer. He had also served as the Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias and was the Supreme Representative. He was numbered among the Woodmen of the World, also. Politically, he participated in the work of the Democratic Party to the benefit of his state and was an active member of the Presbyterian Church. His death came on August 21, 1922.

White, William Henry (Private)
Lot 64
Unit: Turner's Battalion (Clarke County) – 7th Mississippi Regiment Infantry.

Mr. White was born in Clarke County, Mississippi on January 23, 1844. With the outbreak of the War, he enlisted in the Army on May 3, 1862 and served until the general surrender on April 9, 1865. On January 28, 1874, he married Miss Carrie Lee Hopson in Enterprise, Mississippi. He was brother to Benjamin Virginuis White aslo a Confederate buried at Rose Hill Cemetery. He worked as a pharmacist. He died of a heart attack on April 11, 1897.
Williams, C. C. (Private)
Lot 113
Unit: Company A, 12th Mississippi Regiment Infantry – Company C, 12th Mississippi Calvary.
Mr. Williams was born in Hopkins County, Tennessee on February 12, 1826, the son of George and Sarah Moore Williams of Tennessee. His father was one of the best planters and not part of the state. The marriage produced 11 children with Mr. Williams being the 5th child. C. C. Was reared and educated in Hopkins County, Tennessee, and completed his studies at Emory and Henry colleges. In 1849, he moved to Okolona, Mississippi as a planter. When the War broke out, he enlisted in the Infantry on March 11, 1861, but in about 1862 he reenlisted in the 12th Mississippi Calvary, Company C. He served until the surrender on April 9, 1865.

After the War, he settled in Meridian in 1871 and became one of its greatest business and civic leaders. He founded the Meridian Sash and Blind Company, which soon became the leading employer of the area and the largest business of its type in the South. If something could be built from wood, his plan could build it better and faster than any other business. The main factory stood 2 to 3 stories high, accompanied by a 40,000 ft.² warehouse. The factory could process 50,000 feet of lumber, a day and carry 2,000,000 feet of lumber in stock. Its products were beautiful, stylish and nicely finished. He made molding, stairs, office furniture and anything else made of wood. He employed 125 men and had 75 of the latest woodworking machines available.

He wed Miss Ardenia Pellen of Giles County, Tennessee. Their children included F. W. Williams, Senior, E. C. Williams, Mrs. Albert G. Weems, and Leila Williams Smith, all prominent citizens of the city. He was a pillar of the First Baptist Church supporting it with his financial assets and with his presence in his own pew. He even built a Prophet's Room in his 28 room home on 7th Street for visiting ministers to stay when in Meridian. It contained all they might need for study, rest and meditation. One family member described a large brass container which was placed on the roof to be heated by the sun, then then flowed to the room to provide warm water for the guest pastor. Solar power in the 1880's, no less. In addition, he donated the old home of Mr. E. H. Floyd to service the residence for the YMCA. They had been organized in Meridian. He retired at the age of 70 years. When he passed away on July 12, 1908 at the age of 85 years, he was the second oldest man in the city. He suddenly became congested, lapsed into unconsciousness and died within 48 hours. See also Lauderdale County Archives Publication #369.

Williams, Samuel S. (Second Lieutenant)
Lot 45
Unit: 46th Mississippi Regiment Infantry (Volunteers) transferred to the 46th Arkansas Regiment Infantry in 1864. [#51 - Company H]
Mr. Williams was born on March 18, 1836 in Georgia. He was the son of John W. and Martha Eliza McCord Williams, the former from Jackson, Georgia and the latter from Wilkes County, North Carolina. He enlisted on March 8, 1862 in Lauderdale County, Mississippi and was captured.
tured and paroled at Vicksburg in July 1863. From July 1863 to August 23, 1863, he was detailed from his regiment to serve as a train engineer. He operated trains on the old East Tennessee – Virginia and Georgia Railroad, which years later, took the name of the Southern Railroad. The line is now operated between Meridian and Montgomery, Alabama. By his comrades, he was considered to be one of his country's most valiant defenders. His discharge came on May 4, 1865 in Greensboro, North Carolina.

On a return visit to Georgia to see relatives, he met Miss Frances "Fannie" Richter and they married on June 7, 1866 in Madison, Georgia. The 2 of them returned to Meridian that same year. He was a pioneer resident of Meridian and serve the development of the city by serving as an alderman and by owning and operating one of the largest manufacturing industries in the city. His business was a blacksmith/foundry/machinery company that built wagons and built the rolling stock for locomotives for the M&O Railroad Company. Her death occurred on May 4, 1916. At the time of his death, he was one of the oldest citizens in Meridian being in his 86th year. He was loved, respected and honored by all who knew him for his many splendid traits of character. When his death came from old age on October 30, 1921, he was survived by 3 daughters.

**Wilson, Alex (Alexander) R. (Private)**

Lot 372

Unit: Company A, 37th Mississippi Regiment Infantry

Mr. Wilson was born in Kemper County, Mississippi on September 21, 1837. He enlisted in the Army in Iuka on August 17, 1861. He was paid and discharged on December 4, 1861 for disability. He worked at the county jail as a jailer. His death came on May 12, 1903 as a result of a heart attack.

**Woods, Thomas H. (Judge) (Captain)**

Lot 120

Unit: Company C, 13th Mississippi Regiment Infantry

Thomas Woods was born on March 17, 1836 in Glasgow, Kentucky, the son of Rev. and Mrs. Harvey Woods. The first 10 years of his life was spent at his birthplace and in 1848, he moved with his family to Kemper County, Mississippi. In 1871 – 1872, he moved to Meridian. An excellent education was afforded him at Williams College in Massachusetts. From 1859 – 1860, he studied law and was admitted to the bar. Soon afterwards, he establishes his law office in Dekalb, Mississippi in 1861.

When the Mississippi Succession Convention was convened, he was its youngest member and represented Kemper County, Mississippi. He was among the 1st to answer the call to arms for Mississippi and on April 20, 1861, became the first person to enlist in Dekalb, Mississippi upon returning home from the convention. He enlisted as a private and did not actively seek promotion, but as his virtue, character and personality became known, he slowly rose to the rank of captain and served in that rank until the surrender at Appomattox decided the fate of the War. Most of his service was on the front lines until he was severely wounded at the Battle of Malvern Hill, and was thereafter, removed from combat and placed in a staff position until the War's end. It is writ-
ten that he was loved and honored by the men under his command. His discharge from service was on April 9, 1865.

Immediately at the end of the War, he became the attorney for the 3rd Mississippi district. In 1871, he became the District Attorney in Meridian, the first of two terms and was elected to the Mississippi legislature in 1871 and again in 1875, but refused a third term. In 1882, he became a Mississippi state representative by acclamation. In 1885, Pres. Grover Cleveland offered him the US District Attorney position, but he declined, preferring his private practice. However in 1889, Governor Lowry appointed him to the Mississippi Supreme Court to fill an unexpired term and again in 1891. He would eventually serve about 12 years as the chief justice. He was considered to be one who dispense justice with equity, sound judgment and with a high sense of honor and a uprightness. After his tenure on the Supreme Court, he became a law partner of Judge John W. Fewell in Meridian, who is a veteran that rest in the cemetery.

In 1888, he direct and organize the Citizens Savings Bank in the back of the store at 2414 – 4th Street. The bank is now known as the Citizens National Bank in Meridian, Mississippi. The honor of delivering the opening address at the opera house prior to the play on December 17, 1890 was given to him. For many years, he was a faithful member and elder of the Presbyterian Church. he was married to Judith Woods (1842-1892) and they had five sons and three daughters.

At the time of his death from old age, and having been an invalid 45 years, on August 10, 1910 at the age of 75, he was considered to be one of Mississippi’s most prominent sons, and a true patriot, statesman and soldier. The entire circuit court adjourned for the day of his funeral and all the jurors, attorneys and judges attended his services. See also Lauderdale County Archives Publication #369.

Yarbrough, William LaFayette
Lot 63
Unit: Company A, 13th Mississippi Regiment Infantry

Mr. Yarbrough was born on April 4, 1837. With the outbreak of the War, he enlisted at Enterprise, Mississippi on August 17, 1862. He had been sent home because of his wound about two to three months before General lee surrendered at Appomattox Courthouse, Virginia on April 9, 1865. He married in 1881 to Belle (Arabella Houston Bishop Yarbrough- 1866-1929). He passed away on November 25, 1912.